

# T Violation in n-A Reactions

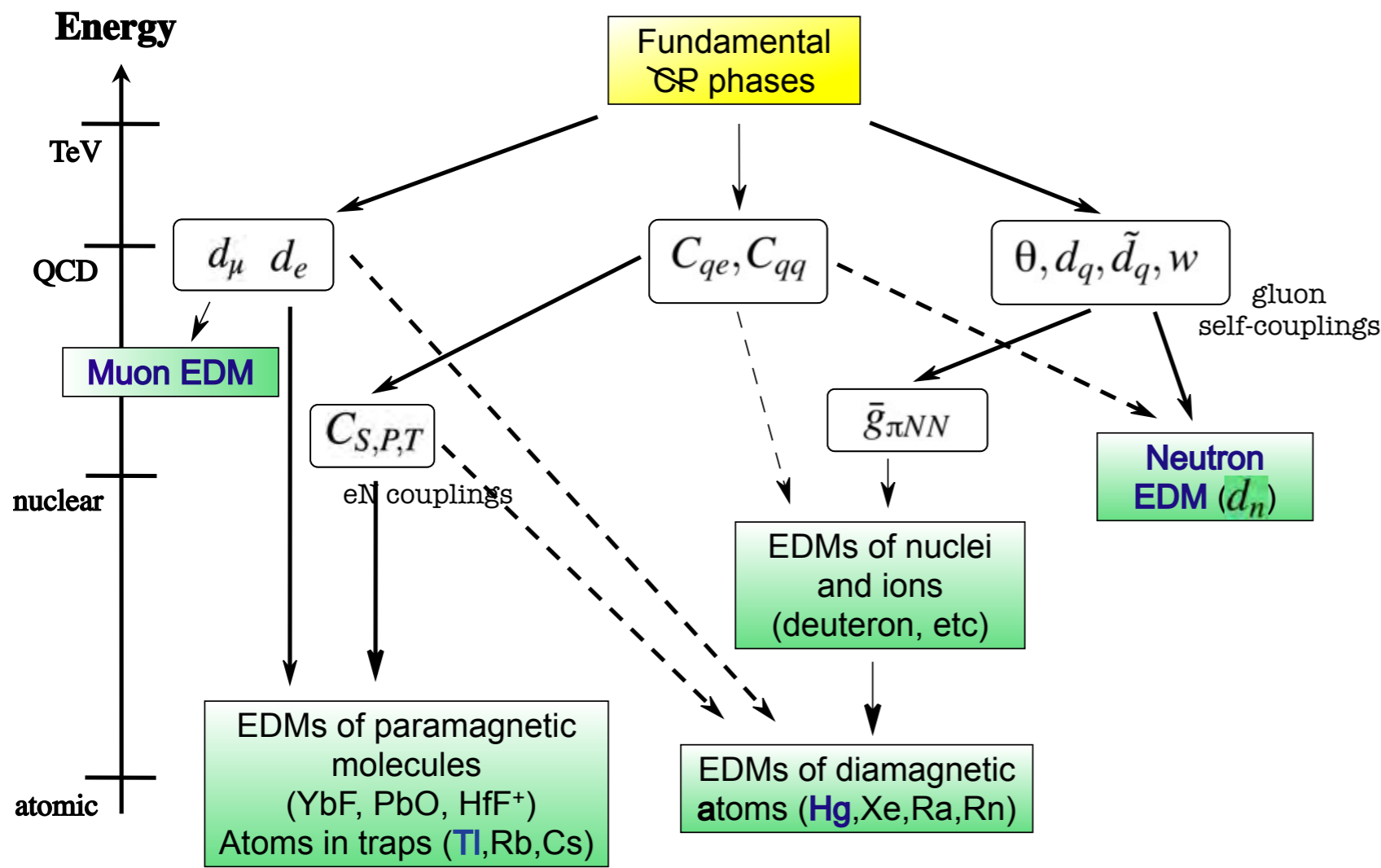
Neutron Optical Parity and Time-Reversal EXperiment

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on behalf of the NOPTREX collaboration



$$d_n \sim 1.1 \times e(0.5d_u^c + d_d^c) + 1.4 \times (-0.25d_u + d_d)$$

valence quark contribution

$$|d_n| < 2.9 \times 10^{-26} \text{ e} \cdot \text{cm} \leftrightarrow |d_n^{\text{SM}}| < 10^{-32} \text{ e} \cdot \text{cm}$$

Pospelov Ritz, Ann Phys 318 (05) 119

$$d_{\text{Tl}} \sim -585d_e e 43 \text{ GeV} \times (C_S^{(0)} - 0.2C_S^{(1)})$$

relativistic effect

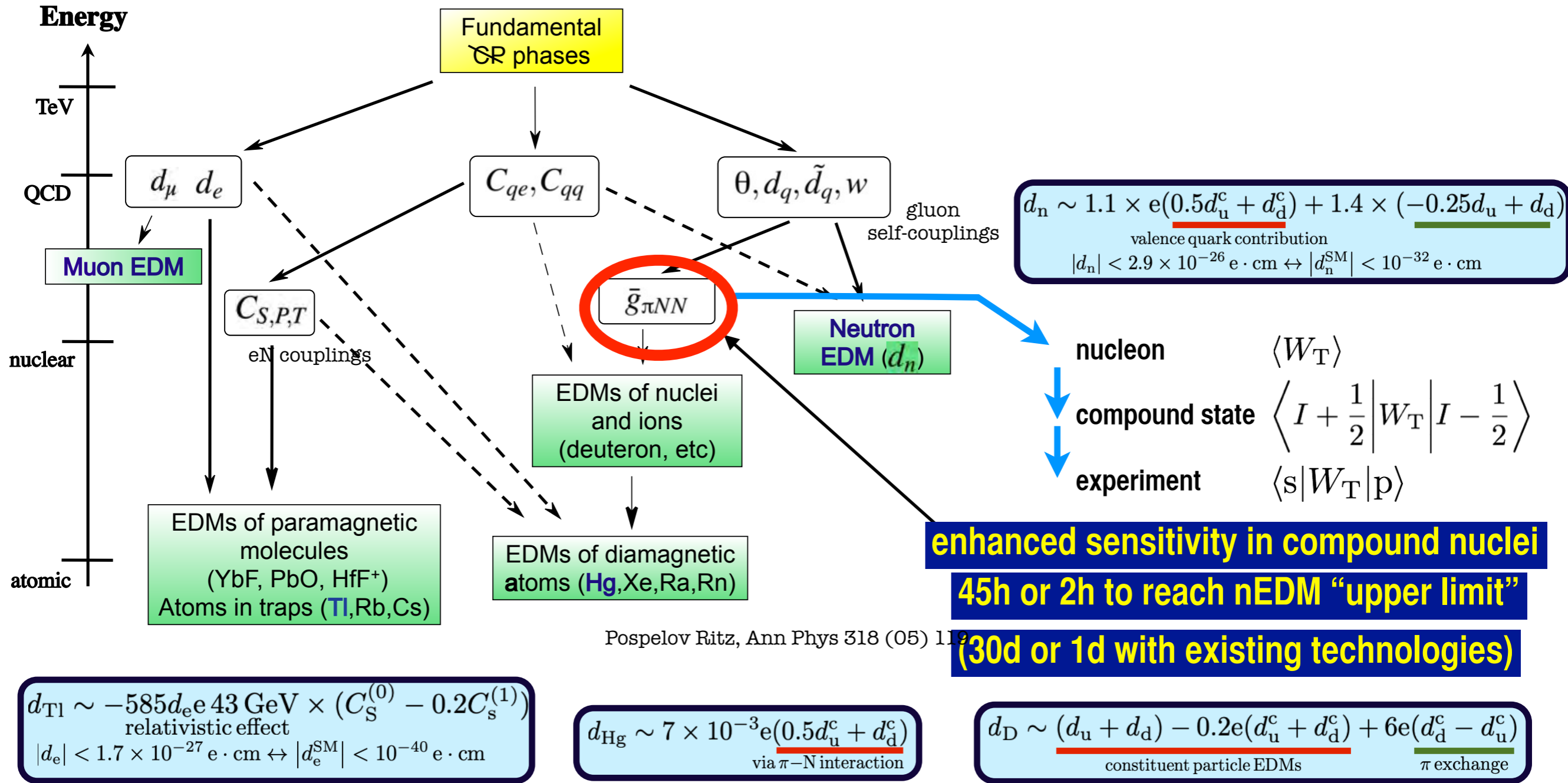
$$|d_e| < 1.7 \times 10^{-27} \text{ e} \cdot \text{cm} \leftrightarrow |d_e^{\text{SM}}| < 10^{-40} \text{ e} \cdot \text{cm}$$

$$d_{\text{Hg}} \sim 7 \times 10^{-3} e(0.5d_u^c + d_d^c)$$

via  $\pi$ -N interaction

$$d_D \sim (d_u + d_d) - 0.2e(d_u^c + d_d^c) + 6e(d_d^c - d_u^c)$$

constituent particle EDMs       $\pi$  exchange



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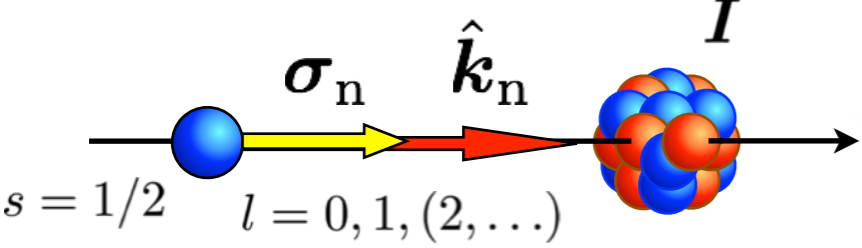
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# Compound States

**P-violation**

$$\sigma = \sigma_0 + \Delta\sigma(\sigma_n \cdot \hat{k}_n)$$



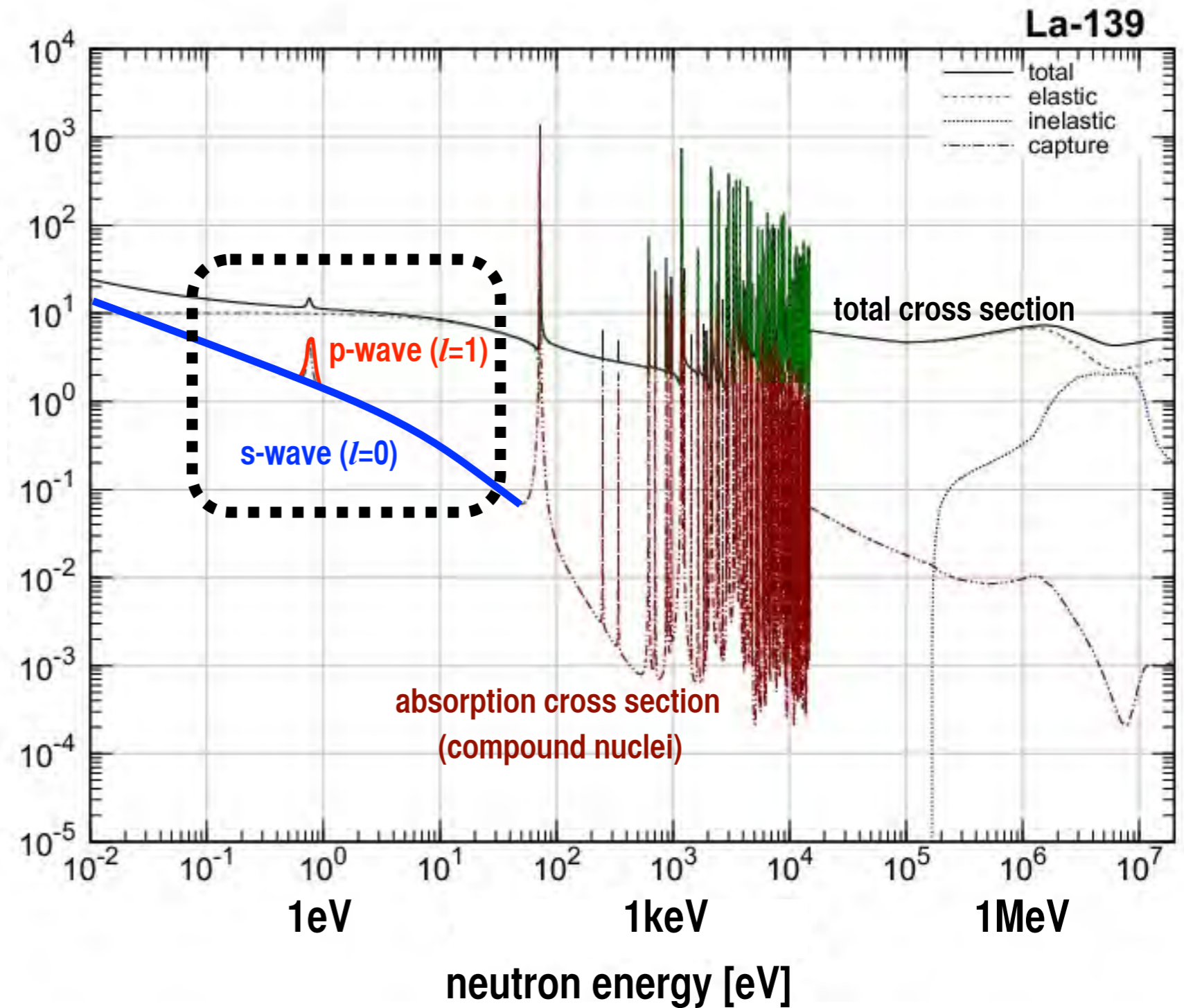
$(E_n=0.75\text{eV})$

$(E_n=-48.6\text{eV})$

5160.902 keV

$^{140}\text{La}$

cross section [b]



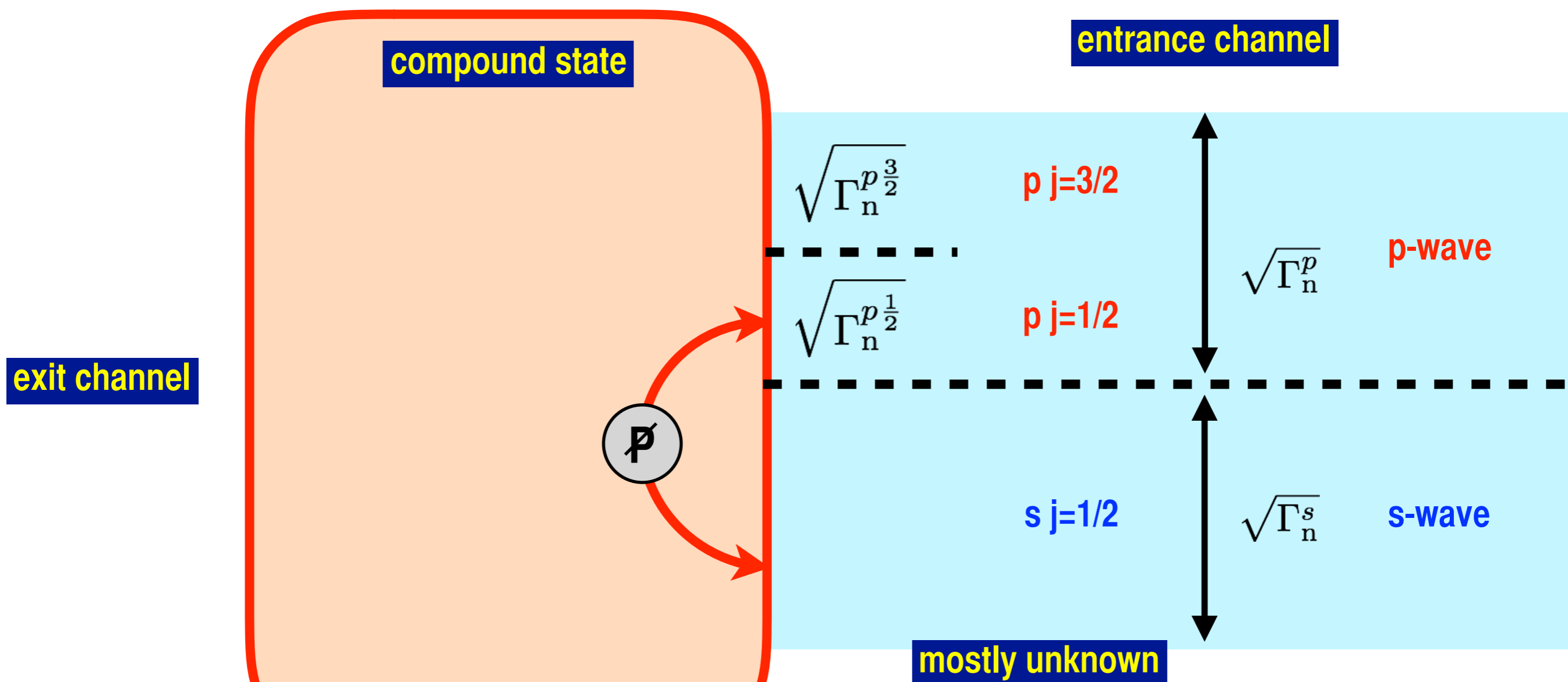
thermal

epithermal

fast



# Universality Check



$$A_L = - \frac{2W}{E_p - E_s} \sqrt{\frac{\Gamma_n^s}{\Gamma_n^p}} \sqrt{\frac{\Gamma_n^{p \frac{1}{2}}}{\Gamma_n^p}}$$

$$x = \sqrt{\frac{\Gamma_n^{p \frac{1}{2}}}{\Gamma_n^p}} \quad y = \sqrt{\frac{\Gamma_n^{p \frac{3}{2}}}{\Gamma_n^p}}$$

$$x^2 + y^2 = 1$$

$$x = \cos \phi \quad y = \sin \phi$$

compound nuclear spin

orbital

n spin

nuclear spin

$$\mathbf{J} = \mathbf{l} + \mathbf{s} + \mathbf{I}$$

n entrance spin

$j$

$S$

channel spin

$$\begin{aligned} |((Is)S, l)J\rangle &= \sum_j \langle (I, (sl)j)J | ((Is)S, l)J \rangle | (I, (sl)j)J \rangle \\ &= \sum_j (-1)^{l+s+I+J} \sqrt{(2j+1)(2S+1)} \left\{ \begin{matrix} I & s & l \\ J & S & j \end{matrix} \right\} | (I, (sl)j)J \rangle \end{aligned}$$

$$x = \sqrt{\frac{\Gamma_n^p(j=1/2)}{\Gamma_n^p}} \quad y = \sqrt{\frac{\Gamma_n^p(j=3/2)}{\Gamma_n^p}} \quad x_S = \sqrt{\frac{\Gamma_n^p(S=I-\frac{1}{2})}{\Gamma_n^p}} \quad y_S = \sqrt{\frac{\Gamma_n^p(S=I+\frac{1}{2})}{\Gamma_n^p}}$$

$$z_j = \begin{cases} x & (j=1/2) \\ y & (j=3/2) \end{cases}, \quad \tilde{z}_S = \begin{cases} x_S & (S=I-1/2) \\ y_S & (S=I+1/2) \end{cases}, \quad \tilde{z}_S = \sum_j (-1)^{l+I+j+S} \sqrt{(2j+1)(2S+1)} \left\{ \begin{matrix} l & s & j \\ I & J & S \end{matrix} \right\} z_j$$

**s-p interference  $\Leftrightarrow$  channel-spin interference**

$$P : |lsI\rangle \rightarrow (-1)^l |lsI\rangle$$

$$T : |lsI\rangle \rightarrow (-1)^{i\pi S_y} K |lsI\rangle$$

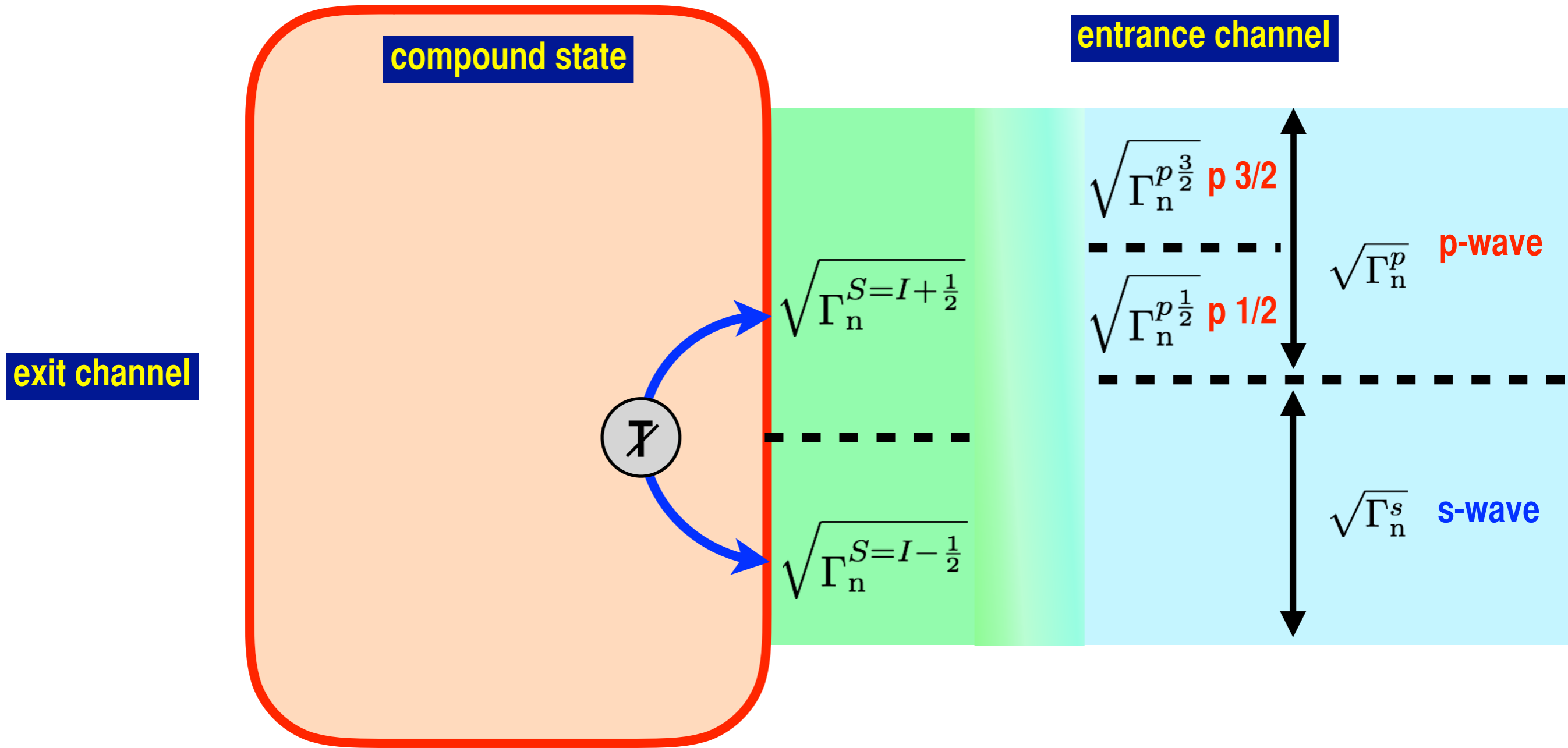
$$l = 0, 1$$

**P-odd**

$$S = I \pm 1/2$$

**T-odd**

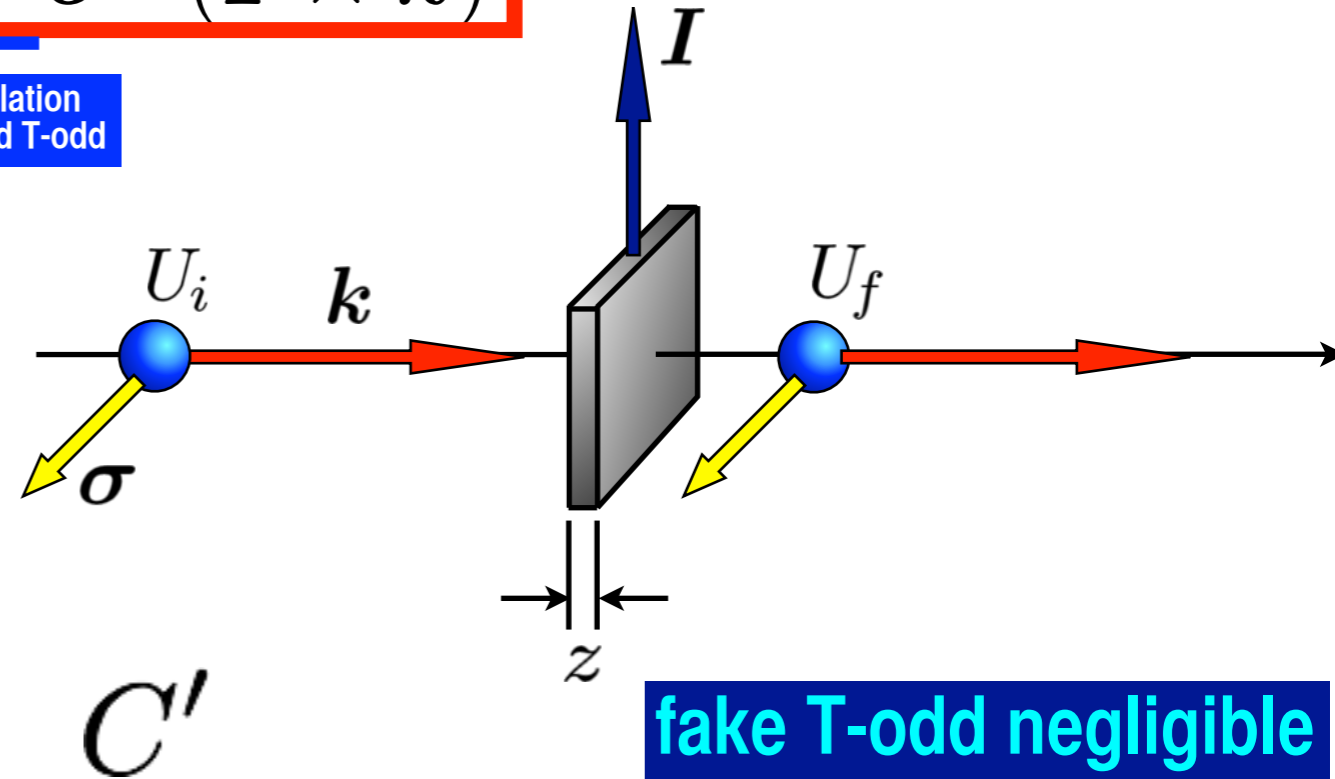
# T-odd → Channel-spin Interference





# T-violation in Neutron Optics

$$f = \underbrace{A'}_{\substack{\text{Spin Independent} \\ \text{P-even T-even}}} + \underbrace{B' \boldsymbol{\sigma} \cdot \hat{\mathbf{I}}}_{\substack{\text{Spin Dependent} \\ \text{P-even T-even}}} + \underbrace{C' \boldsymbol{\sigma} \cdot \hat{\mathbf{k}}}_{\substack{\text{P-violation} \\ \text{P-odd T-even}}} + \underbrace{D' \boldsymbol{\sigma} \cdot (\hat{\mathbf{I}} \times \hat{\mathbf{k}})}_{\substack{\text{T-violation} \\ \text{P-odd T-odd}}}$$



T-violating matrix element

$$D' \rightarrow \Delta\sigma_{CP} = \kappa(J) \frac{W_T}{W} \Delta\sigma_P \leftarrow C'$$

T-violation

angular  
momentum  
factor

P-violation

P-violating matrix element

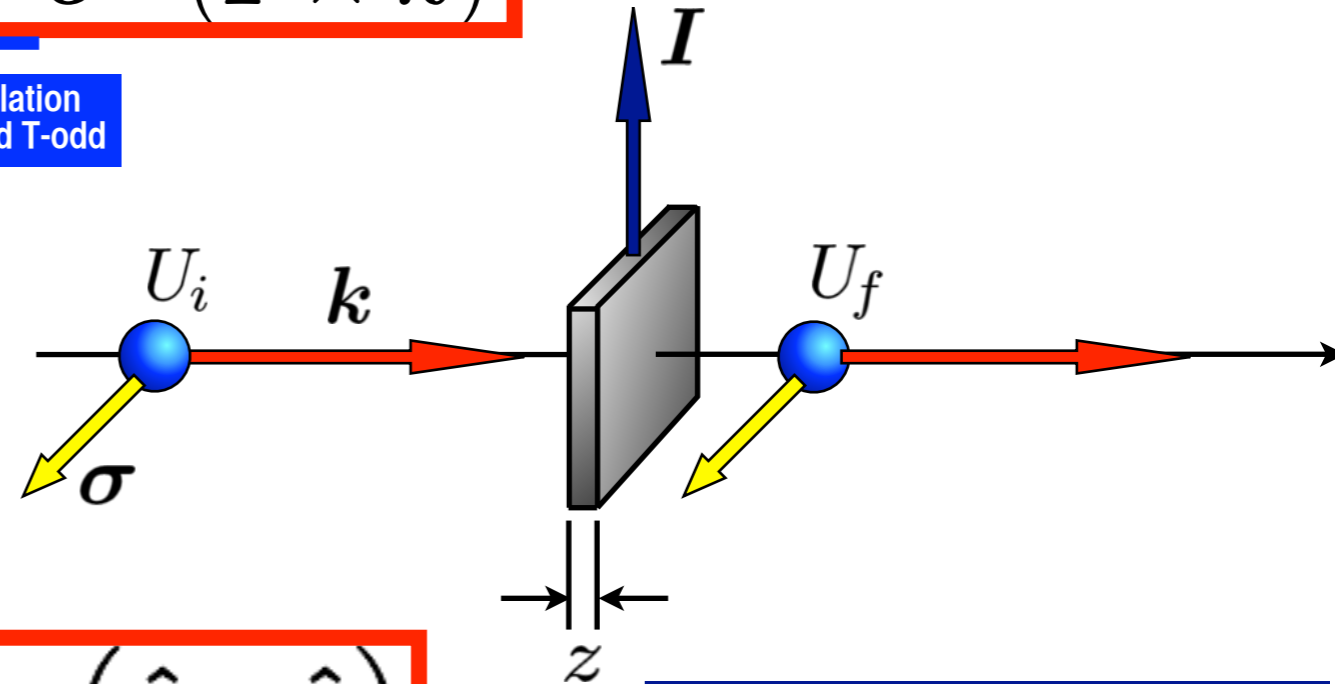
Gudkov, Phys. Rep. 212 (1992) 77

# T-violation in Neutron Optics

$$f = \underbrace{A'}_{\substack{\text{Spin Independent} \\ \text{P-even T-even}}} + \underbrace{B'\sigma \cdot \hat{I}}_{\substack{\text{Spin Dependent} \\ \text{P-even T-even}}} + \underbrace{C'\sigma \cdot \hat{k}}_{\substack{\text{P-violation} \\ \text{P-odd T-even}}} + \underbrace{D'\sigma \cdot (\hat{I} \times \hat{k})}_{\substack{\text{T-violation} \\ \text{P-odd T-odd}}}$$

$$U_f = \delta U_i$$

$$\delta = e^{i(n-1)kz} \quad n = 1 + \frac{2\pi\rho}{k^2} f$$



$$\delta = \underbrace{A}_{\substack{\text{Spin Independent} \\ \text{P-even T-even}}} + \underbrace{B\sigma \cdot \hat{I}}_{\substack{\text{Spin Dependent} \\ \text{P-even T-even}}} + \underbrace{C\sigma \cdot \hat{k}}_{\substack{\text{P-violation} \\ \text{P-odd T-even}}} + \underbrace{D\sigma \cdot (\hat{I} \times \hat{k})}_{\substack{\text{T-violation} \\ \text{P-odd T-odd}}}$$

fake T-odd negligible

$$A = e^{iZA'} \cos b$$

$$B = ie^{iZA'} \frac{\sin b}{b} ZB'$$

$$Z = \frac{2\pi\rho}{k} z$$

$$C = ie^{iZA'} \frac{\sin b}{b} ZC'$$

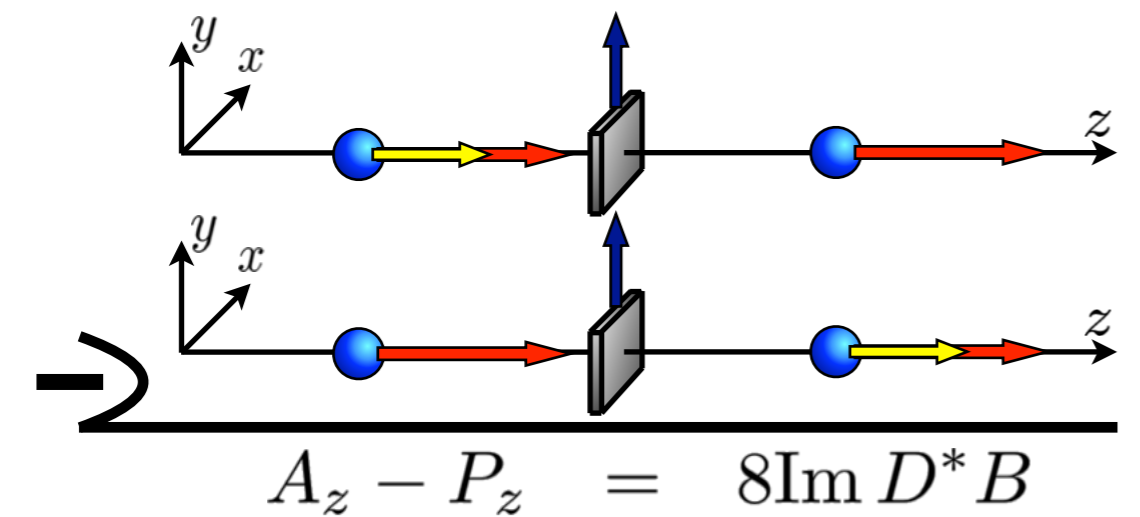
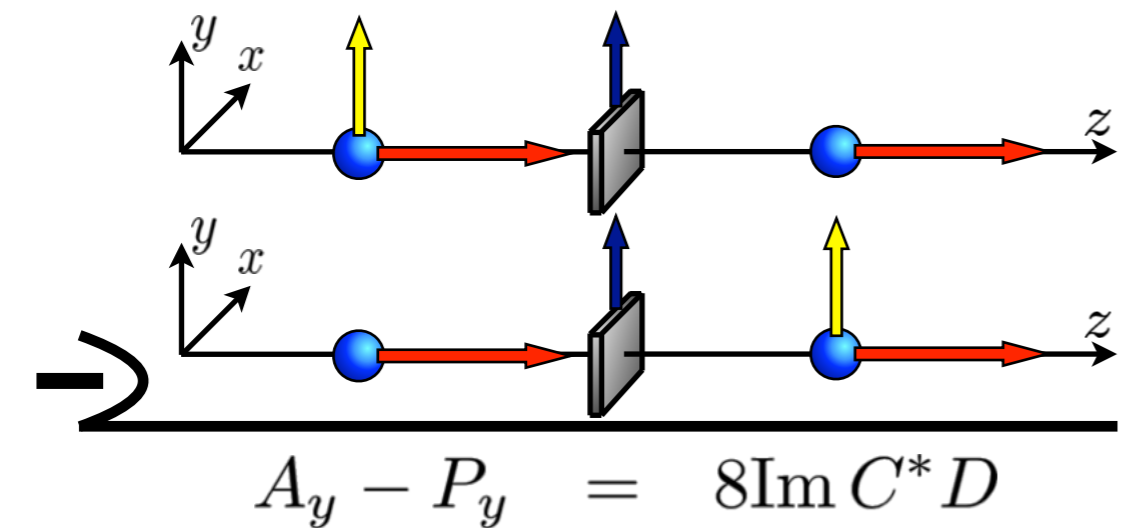
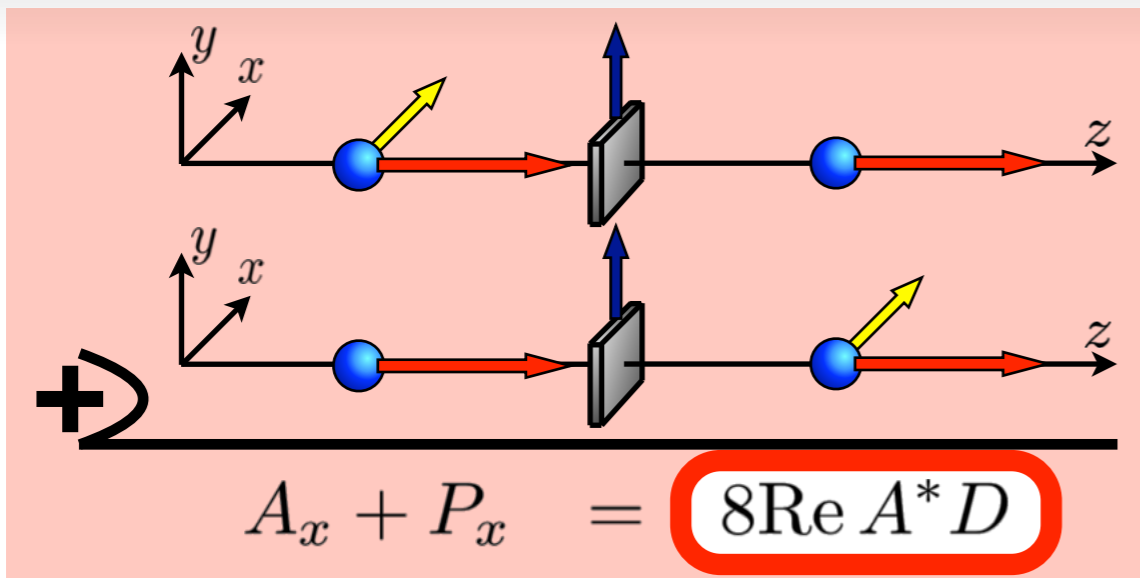
$$b = Z(B'^2 + C'^2 + D'^2)^{1/2}$$

$$D = ie^{iZA'} \frac{\sin b}{b} ZD'$$

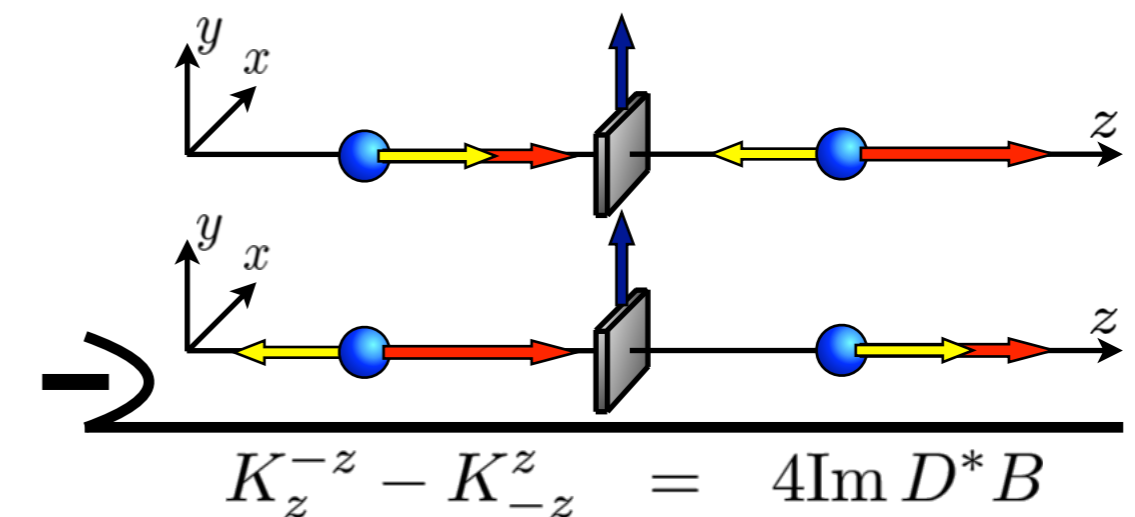
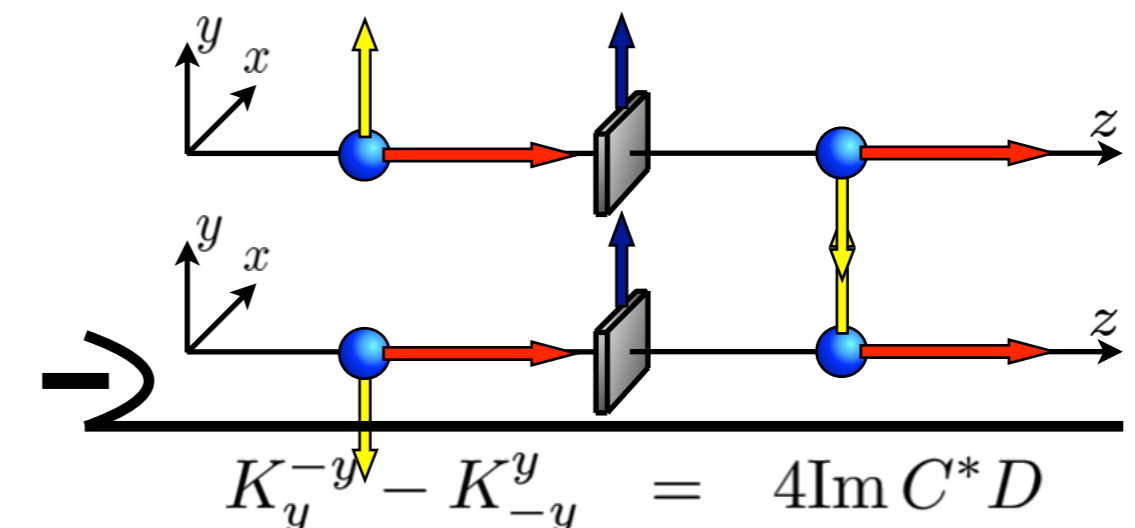
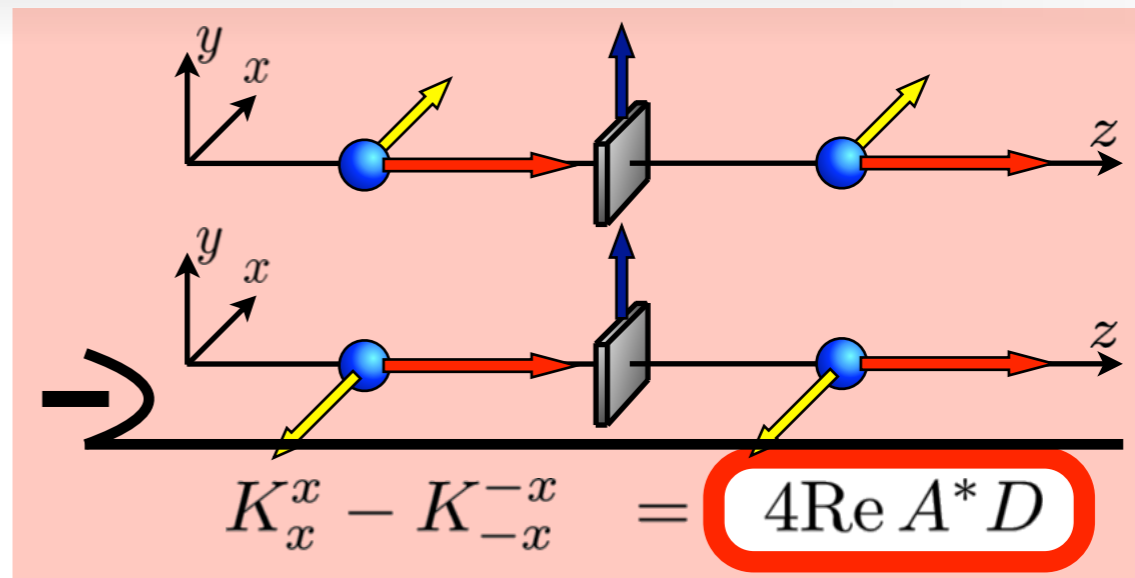
$D \neq 0 \rightarrow D' \neq 0$

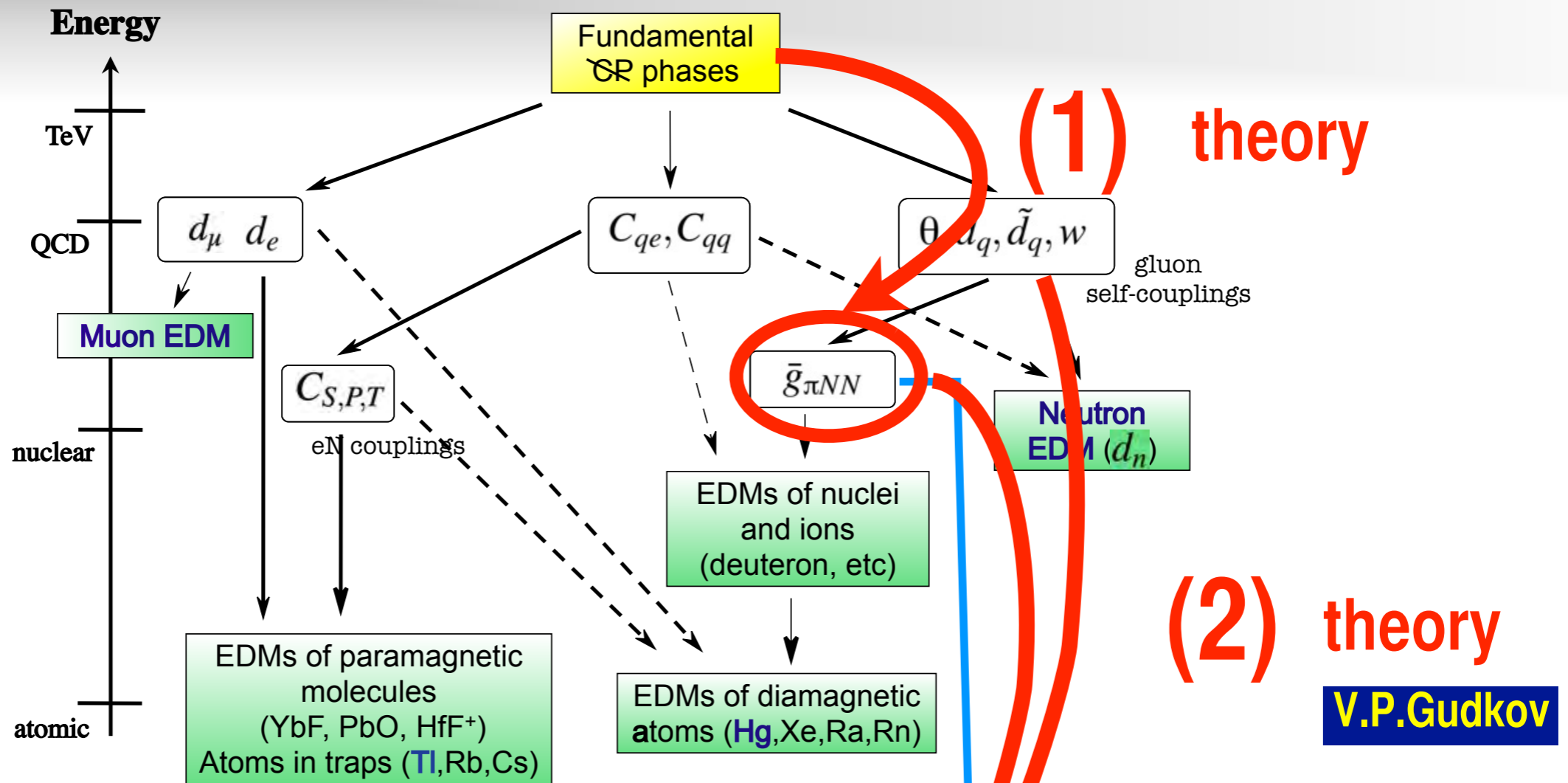
validity of this description can be checked via the consistency among A, B, C

# Analyzing Power and Polarization



# Polarization Transfer Coefficient





Pospelov Ritz, Ann Phys 318 (05) 119

done via likelihood analysis

nuclear theory  
resonance parameters

(3)  $\langle W_T \rangle$

(n,  $\gamma$ ) measurement

done for <sup>139</sup>La

compound state

(4)

experiment

$\langle s | W_T | p \rangle$

$\langle I + \frac{1}{2} | W_T | I - \frac{1}{2} \rangle$

# (1), (2) Estimation in Effective Field Theory

$$\sigma_{\pm} = \sigma_1 \pm \sigma_2 \quad \mathbf{r} = \mathbf{r}_1 - \mathbf{r}_2 \quad x_a = m_a r$$

$$T_{12}^z = 3\tau_1^z \tau_2^z - \boldsymbol{\tau}_1 \cdot \boldsymbol{\tau}_2 \quad Y_1(x) = \left(1 + \frac{1}{x}\right) \frac{e^{-x}}{x}$$

$$g_{\pi} = 13.07, \quad g_{\eta} = 2.24, \quad g_{\rho} = 2.75, \quad g_{\omega} = 8.25$$

$$V_{\text{CP}} = \left[ -\frac{\bar{g}_{\eta}^{(0)} g_{\eta} m_{\eta}^2}{2m_N 4\pi} Y_1(x_{\eta}) + \frac{\bar{g}_{\omega}^{(0)} g_{\omega} m_{\omega}^2}{2m_N 4\pi} Y_1(x_{\omega}) \right] \boldsymbol{\sigma}_- \cdot \hat{\mathbf{r}}$$

$$+ \left[ -\frac{\bar{g}_{\pi}^{(0)} g_{\pi} m_{\pi}^2}{2m_N 4\pi} Y_1(x_{\pi}) + \frac{\bar{g}_{\rho}^{(0)} g_{\rho} m_{\rho}^2}{2m_N 4\pi} Y_1(x_{\rho}) \right] \boldsymbol{\tau}_1 \cdot \boldsymbol{\tau}_2 \boldsymbol{\sigma}_- \cdot \hat{\mathbf{r}}$$

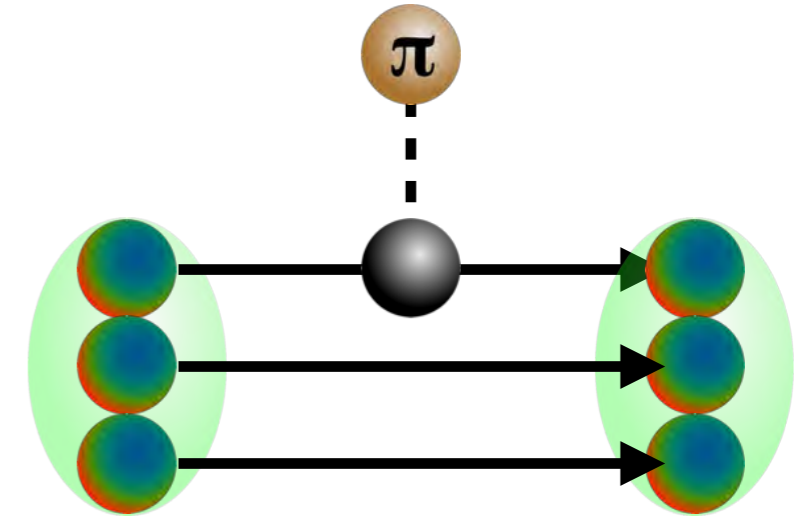
$$+ \left[ -\frac{\bar{g}_{\pi}^{(2)} g_{\pi} m_{\pi}^2}{2m_N 4\pi} Y_1(x_{\pi}) + \frac{\bar{g}_{\rho}^{(2)} g_{\rho} m_{\rho}^2}{2m_N 4\pi} Y_1(x_{\rho}) \right] T_{12}^z \boldsymbol{\sigma}_- \cdot \hat{\mathbf{r}}$$

$$+ \left[ -\frac{\bar{g}_{\pi}^{(1)} g_{\pi} m_{\pi}^2}{2m_N 4\pi} Y_1(x_{\pi}) + \frac{\bar{g}_{\eta}^{(1)} g_{\eta} m_{\eta}^2}{2m_N 4\pi} Y_1(x_{\eta}) + \frac{\bar{g}_{\rho}^{(1)} g_{\rho} m_{\rho}^2}{2m_N 4\pi} Y_1(x_{\rho}) + \frac{\bar{g}_{\omega}^{(1)} g_{\omega} m_{\omega}^2}{2m_N 4\pi} Y_1(x_{\omega}) \right] \boldsymbol{\tau}_+ \boldsymbol{\sigma}_- \cdot \hat{\mathbf{r}}$$

$$+ \left[ -\frac{\bar{g}_{\pi}^{(1)} g_{\pi} m_{\pi}^2}{2m_N 4\pi} Y_1(x_{\pi}) - \frac{\bar{g}_{\eta}^{(1)} g_{\eta} m_{\eta}^2}{2m_N 4\pi} Y_1(x_{\eta}) - \frac{\bar{g}_{\rho}^{(1)} g_{\rho} m_{\rho}^2}{2m_N 4\pi} Y_1(x_{\rho}) + \frac{\bar{g}_{\omega}^{(1)} g_{\omega} m_{\omega}^2}{2m_N 4\pi} Y_1(x_{\omega}) \right] \boldsymbol{\tau}_+ \boldsymbol{\sigma}_+ \cdot \hat{\mathbf{r}}$$

Y.-H.Song et al., Phys. Rev. C83 (2011) 065503

T-odd P-odd meson couplings



$$\Rightarrow \tilde{d}_n \simeq 0.14 \left( \bar{g}_{\pi}^{(0)} - \bar{g}_{\pi}^{(2)} \right)$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{\Delta\sigma_{\text{CP}}}{2\sigma_{\text{tot}}} = \frac{-0.185[\text{b}]}{2\sigma_{\text{tot}}} \left( \bar{g}_{\pi}^{(0)} + 0.26\bar{g}_{\pi}^{(1)} \right)$$

# (1), (2) Estimation in Effective Field Theory

$$\frac{\langle s | W_T | p \rangle}{\langle s | W | p \rangle} \simeq (1 - 0.1) \times \frac{\langle W_T \rangle}{\langle W \rangle}$$

Gudkov, Phys. Rep. 212 (1992) 77

Flambaum, Phys. Rev. C51 (1995) 2914

$$\frac{W_T}{W} \simeq -0.47 \left( \frac{\bar{g}_\pi^{(0)}}{h_\pi^1} + 0.26 \frac{\bar{g}_\pi^{(1)}}{h_\pi^1} \right)$$

Y.H.Song et al., Phys. Rev. C83(2011) 065503

$$\bar{g}_\pi^{(0)} < 2.5 \times 10^{-10}$$

$$|d_n| < 3 \times 10^{-26} \text{ e cm}$$

$$\bar{g}_\pi^{(1)} < 0.5 \times 10^{-11}$$

$$|d(^{199}\text{Hg})| < 3.1 \times 10^{-29} \text{ e cm}$$

$$h_\pi^1 \sim 3 \times 10^{-7}$$

$$n + p \rightarrow d + \gamma$$

$$\left| \frac{W_T}{W} \right| < 3.9 \times 10^{-4}$$

← discovery potential corresponding to the present nEDM upper limit

# (3,4) Details of Entrance Channel

$$\Delta\sigma_{CP} = \kappa(J) \frac{W_T}{W} \Delta\sigma_P$$

$$\kappa(J) = \begin{cases} (-1)^{2I} \left(1 + \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\frac{2I-1}{I+1} \frac{y}{x}}\right) & (J = I - \frac{1}{2}) \\ (-1)^{2I+1} \frac{I}{I+1} \left(1 - \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\frac{2I+3}{I} \frac{y}{x}}\right) & (J = I + \frac{1}{2}) \end{cases}$$

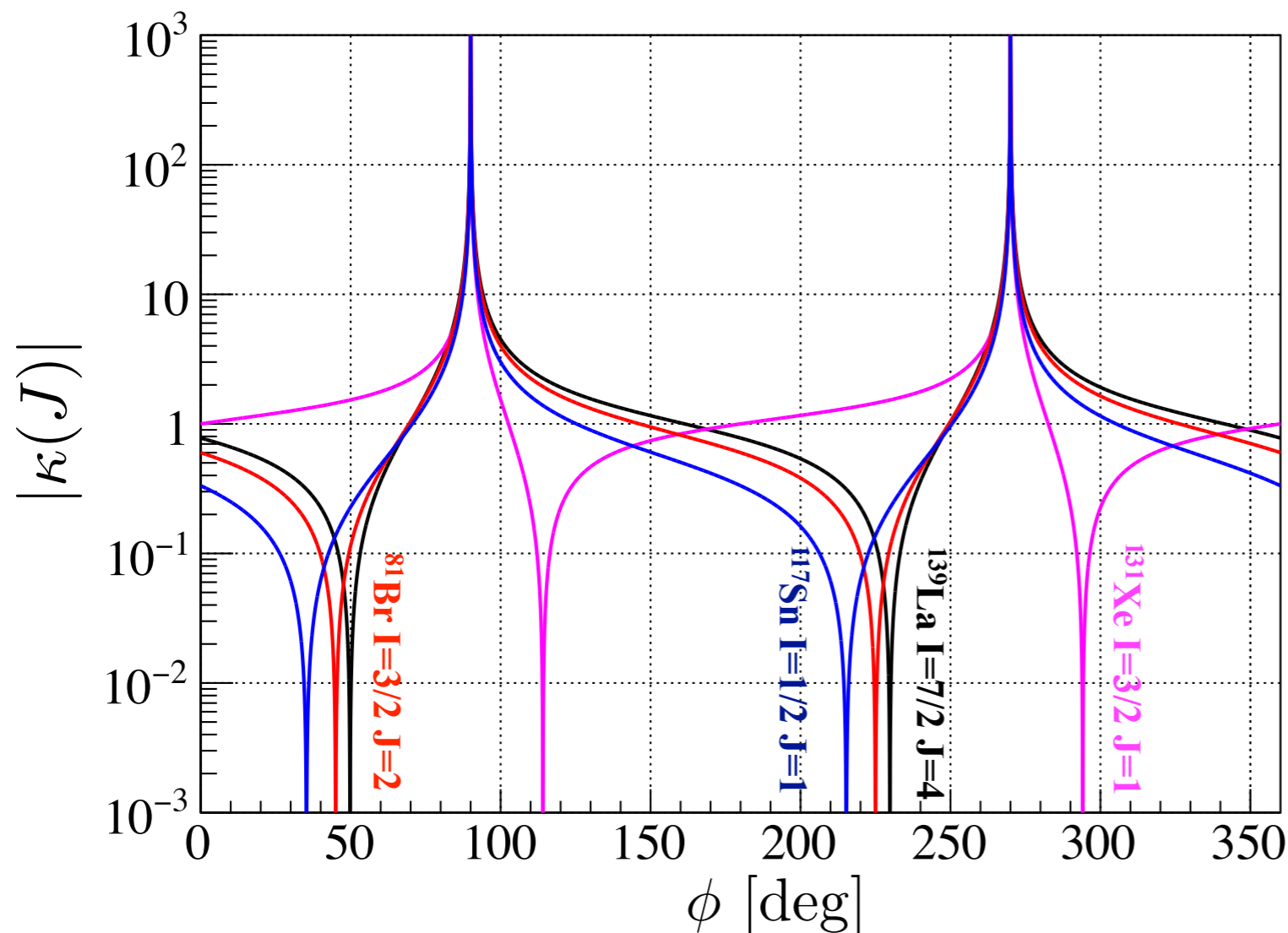
$$x^2 = \frac{\Gamma_{p,j=\frac{1}{2}}^n}{\Gamma_p^n}, \quad y^2 = \frac{\Gamma_{p,j=\frac{3}{2}}^n}{\Gamma_p^n}$$

$$x^2 + y^2 = 1$$

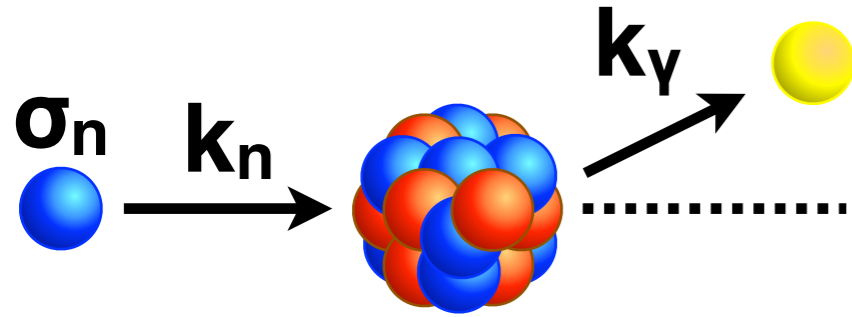
$$x = \cos \phi, \quad y = \sin \phi$$



$\phi$  : necessary to estimate  $\kappa(J)$



# (3,4) Details of Entrance Channel



$$|s\rangle \quad J_s E_s \Gamma_s \Gamma_s^n$$

$$|p\rangle \quad J_p E_p \Gamma_p \Gamma_p^n$$

$$\phi$$

$$\begin{array}{cc} |p_{1/2}\rangle & |p_{3/2}\rangle \\ \Gamma_{p,1/2}^n & \Gamma_{p,3/2}^n \end{array}$$

$$x = \cos \phi \quad y = \sin \phi$$

$$x = \sqrt{\frac{\Gamma_n^{p \frac{1}{2}}}{\Gamma_n^p}} \quad y = \sqrt{\frac{\Gamma_n^{p \frac{3}{2}}}{\Gamma_n^p}}$$

coeff.	$\sigma_n$ -dep.	$\sigma_\gamma$ -dep.	$P$	$T$	correlation
$a_0$	no	no	P-even	T-even	1
$a_1$	no	no	P-even	T-even	$k_n \cdot k_\gamma$
$a_2$	yes	no	P-even	T-odd	$\sigma_n \cdot (k_n \times k_\gamma)$
$a_3$	no	no	P-even	T-even	$(k_n \cdot k_\gamma)^2 - \frac{1}{3}$
$a_4$	yes	no	P-even	T-odd	$(k_n \cdot k_\gamma) \sigma_n \cdot (k_n \times k_\gamma)$
$a_5$	yes	yes	P-even	T-even	$(\sigma_\gamma \cdot k_\gamma) (\sigma_n \cdot k_\gamma)$
$a_6$	yes	yes	P-even	T-even	$(\sigma_\gamma \cdot k_\gamma) (\sigma_n \cdot k_\gamma)$
$a_7$	yes	yes	P-even	T-even	$(\sigma_\gamma \cdot k_\gamma) [(\sigma_n \cdot k_\gamma) (k_\gamma \cdot k_n) - \frac{1}{3}(\sigma_n \cdot k_n)]$
$a_8$	yes	yes	P-even	T-even	$(\sigma_\gamma \cdot k_\gamma) [(\sigma_n \cdot k_n) (k_n \cdot k_\gamma) - \frac{1}{3}(\sigma_n \cdot k_\gamma)]$
$a_9$	yes	no	P-odd	T-even	$(\sigma_n \cdot k_\gamma)$
$a_{10}$	yes	no	P-odd	T-even	$(\sigma_n \cdot k_n)$
$a_{11}$	yes	no	P-odd	T-even	$(\sigma_n \cdot k_\gamma) (k_\gamma \cdot k_n) - \frac{1}{3}(\sigma_n \cdot k_n)$
$a_{12}$	yes	no	P-odd	T-even	$(\sigma_n \cdot k_n) (k_n \cdot k_\gamma) - \frac{1}{3}(\sigma_n \cdot k_\gamma)$
$a_{13}$	no	yes	P-odd	T-even	$(\sigma_\gamma \cdot k_\gamma)$
$a_{14}$	no	yes	P-odd	T-even	$(\sigma_\gamma \cdot k_\gamma) (k_n \cdot k_\gamma)$
$a_{15}$	yes	yes	P-odd	T-odd	$(\sigma_\gamma \cdot k_\gamma) \sigma_n \cdot (k_n \times k_\gamma)$
$a_{16}$	no	yes	P-odd	T-even	$(\sigma_\gamma \cdot k_\gamma) [(k_n \cdot k_\gamma)^2 - \frac{1}{3}]$
$a_{17}$	yes	yes	P-odd	T-odd	$(\sigma_\gamma \cdot k_\gamma) (k_n \cdot k_\gamma) \sigma_n \cdot (k_n \times k_\gamma)$



# (3,4) Details of Entrance Channel

$$\begin{aligned}
 a_0 &= \sum_{J_s} |V_1(J_s)|^2 + \sum_{J_s, j} |V_2(J_p j)|^2 \\
 a_1 &= 2\text{Re} \sum_{J_s, J_p, j} V_1(J_s) V_2^*(J_p j) P(J_s J_p \frac{1}{2} j 1 I F) \\
 a_2 &= -2\text{Im} \sum_{J_s, J_p, j} V_1(J_s) V_2^*(J_p j) \beta_j P(J_s J_p \frac{1}{2} j 1 I F) \\
 a_3 &= \text{Re} \sum_{J_s, j, J'_p, j'} V_2(J_p j) V_2^*(J'_p j') P(J_p J'_p j j' 2 I F) 3\sqrt{10} \begin{Bmatrix} 2 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & \frac{1}{2} & \frac{1}{2} \\ 2 & j & j' \end{Bmatrix} \\
 a_4 &= -\text{Im} \sum_{J_s, j, J'_p, j'} V_2(J_p j) V_2^*(J'_p j') P(J_p J'_p j j' 2 I F) 6\sqrt{5} \begin{Bmatrix} 2 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & \frac{1}{2} & \frac{1}{2} \\ 2 & j & j' \end{Bmatrix} \\
 a_5 &= -\text{Re} \left[ \sum_{J_s, J'_s} V_1(J_s j) V_1^*(J'_s j') P(J_s J'_s \frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{2} 1 I F) + \sum_{J_p, j, J'_p, j'} V_2(J_p j) V_2^*(J'_p j') P(J_p J'_p j. \right. \\
 a_6 &= -2\text{Re} \sum_{J_s} V_1(J_s j) V_2^*(J_p = J_s, \frac{1}{2}) \\
 a_7 &= \text{Re} \sum_{J_s, J_p} V_1(J_s) V_2^*(J_p \frac{3}{2}) P(J_s J_p \frac{1}{2} \frac{3}{2} 2 I F) \\
 a_8 &= -\text{Re} \sum_{J_p, j, J'_p, j'} V_2(J_p j) V_2^*(J'_p j') P(J_p J'_p j j' 1 I F) 18 \begin{Bmatrix} 2 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & \frac{1}{2} & \frac{1}{2} \\ 1 & j & j' \end{Bmatrix} \\
 a_9 &= -2\text{Re} \left[ \sum_{J_s, J'_s} V_1(J_s j) V_3^*(J'_s j') P(J_s J'_s \frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{2} 1 I F) + \sum_{J_p, j, J'_p, j'} V_2(J_p j) V_4^*(J'_p j') P(J_p J'_p. \right. \\
 a_{10} &= -2\text{Re} \sum_{J_s} [V_2(J_p = J_s, \frac{1}{2}) V_3^*(J_s) + V_1(J_s) V_4^*(J_p = J_s, \frac{1}{2})] \\
 a_{11} &= 2\text{Re} \sum_{J_s, J_p} [V_2(J_p \frac{3}{2}) V_3^*(J_s) + V_1(J_s) V_4^*(J_p \frac{3}{2})] \sqrt{3} P(J_s J_p \frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{3} 2 I F) \\
 a_{12} &= -\text{Re} \sum_{J_s, j, J'_p, j'} V_2(J_p j) V_4^*(J'_p j') P(J_p J'_p j j' 1 I F) 18 \begin{Bmatrix} 2 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & \frac{1}{2} & \frac{1}{2} \\ 1 & j & j' \end{Bmatrix} \\
 a_{13} &= 2\text{Re} \left[ \sum_{J_s} V_1(J_s) V_3^*(J_s) + \sum_{J_p, j} V_2(J_p j) V_4^*(J_p j) \right] \\
 a_{14} &= 2\text{Re} \sum_{J_s, J_p, j} [V_2(J_p j) V_3^*(J_s) + V_1(J_s) V_4^*(J_p j)] P(J_s J_p \frac{1}{2} j 1 I F) \\
 a_{15} &= 2\text{Im} \sum_{J_s, J_p, j} [V_2(J_p j) V_3^*(J_s) - V_1(J_s) V_4^*(J_p j)] \beta_j P(J_s J_p \frac{1}{2} j 1 I F) \\
 a_{16} &= 2\text{Re} \sum_{J_p, j, J'_p, j'} V_2(J_p j) V_4^*(J'_p j') P(J_p J'_p j j' 2 I F) 3\sqrt{10} \begin{Bmatrix} 2 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & \frac{1}{2} & \frac{1}{2} \\ 2 & j & j' \end{Bmatrix} \\
 a_{17} &= -2\text{Im} \sum_{J_p, j, J'_p, j'} V_2(J_p j) V_4^*(J'_p j') P(J_p J'_p j j' 2 I F) 6\sqrt{5} \begin{Bmatrix} 2 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & \frac{1}{2} & \frac{1}{2} \\ 2 & j & j' \end{Bmatrix}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 |s\rangle & J_s E_s \Gamma_s \Gamma_s^n \\
 |p\rangle & J_p E_p \Gamma_p \Gamma_p^n \\
 & \phi
 \end{aligned}$$

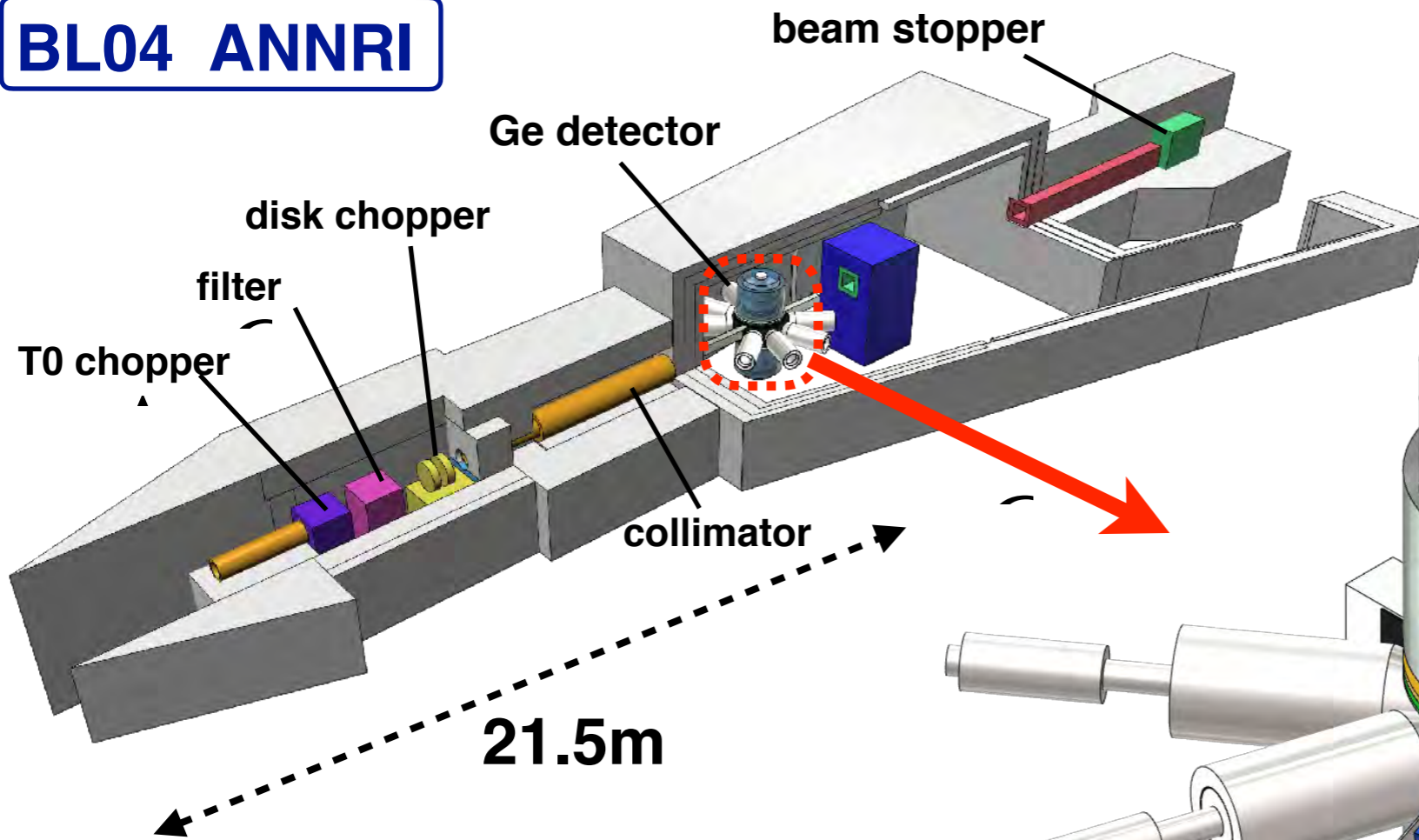
$$\begin{aligned}
 |p_{1/2}\rangle & \Gamma_{p,1/2}^n \\
 |p_{3/2}\rangle & \Gamma_{p,3/2}^n
 \end{aligned}$$

$$x = \cos \phi \quad y = \sin \phi$$

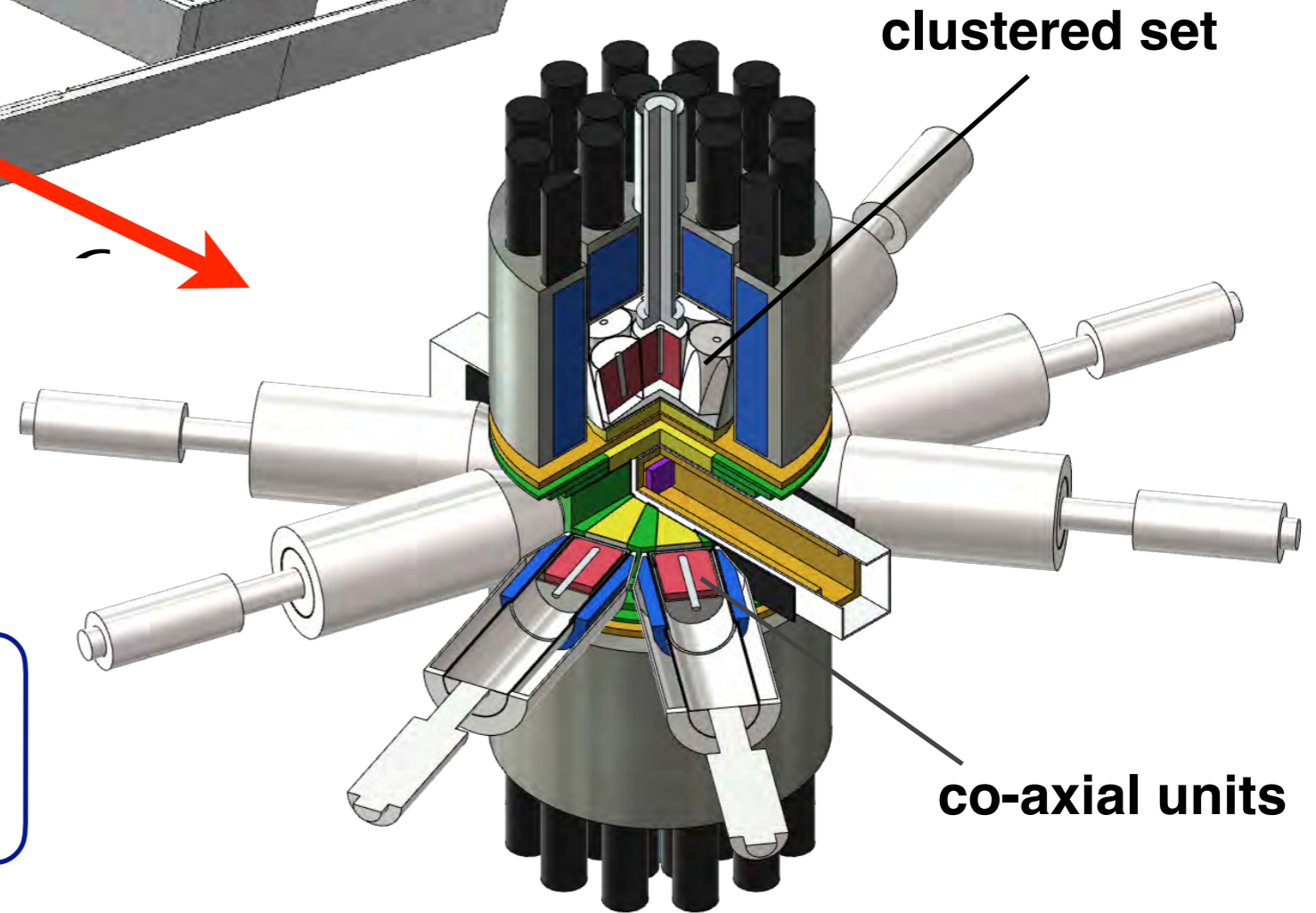
$$x = \sqrt{\frac{\Gamma_n^{p \frac{1}{2}}}{\Gamma_n^p}} \quad y = \sqrt{\frac{\Gamma_n^{p \frac{3}{2}}}{\Gamma_n^p}}$$

# (3,4) Details of Entrance Channel

**BL04 ANNRI**



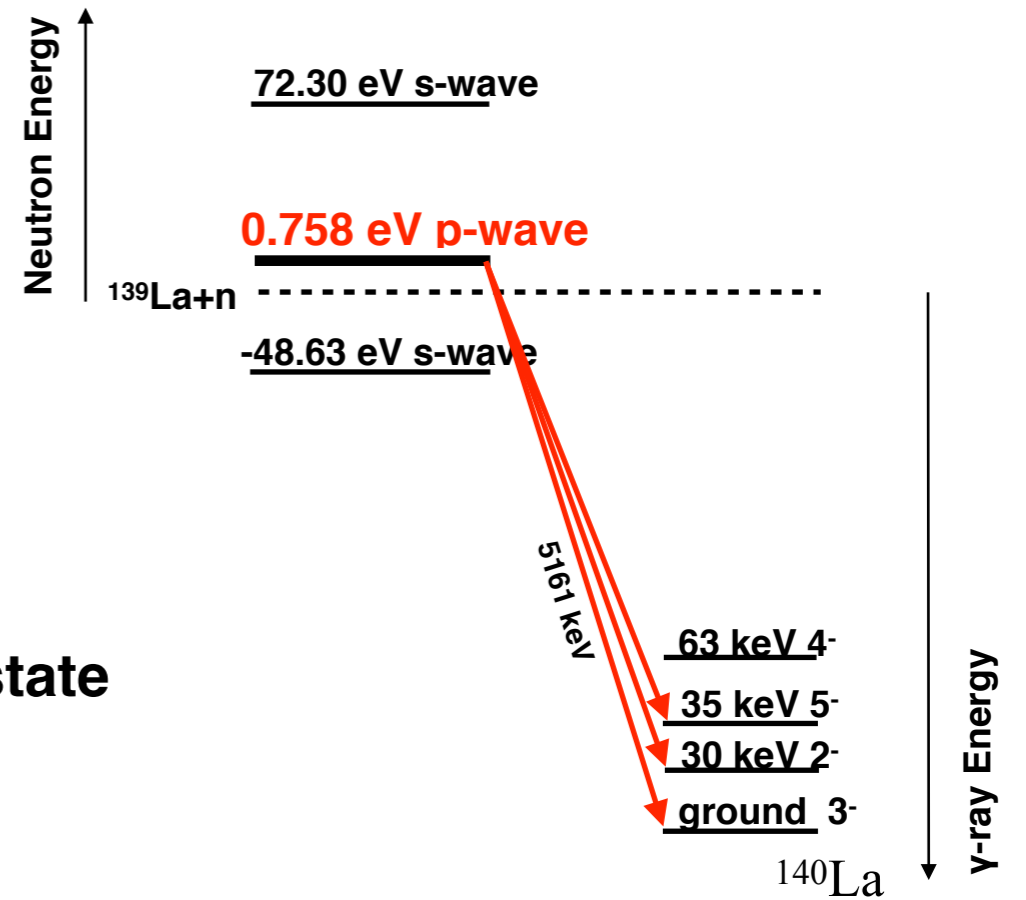
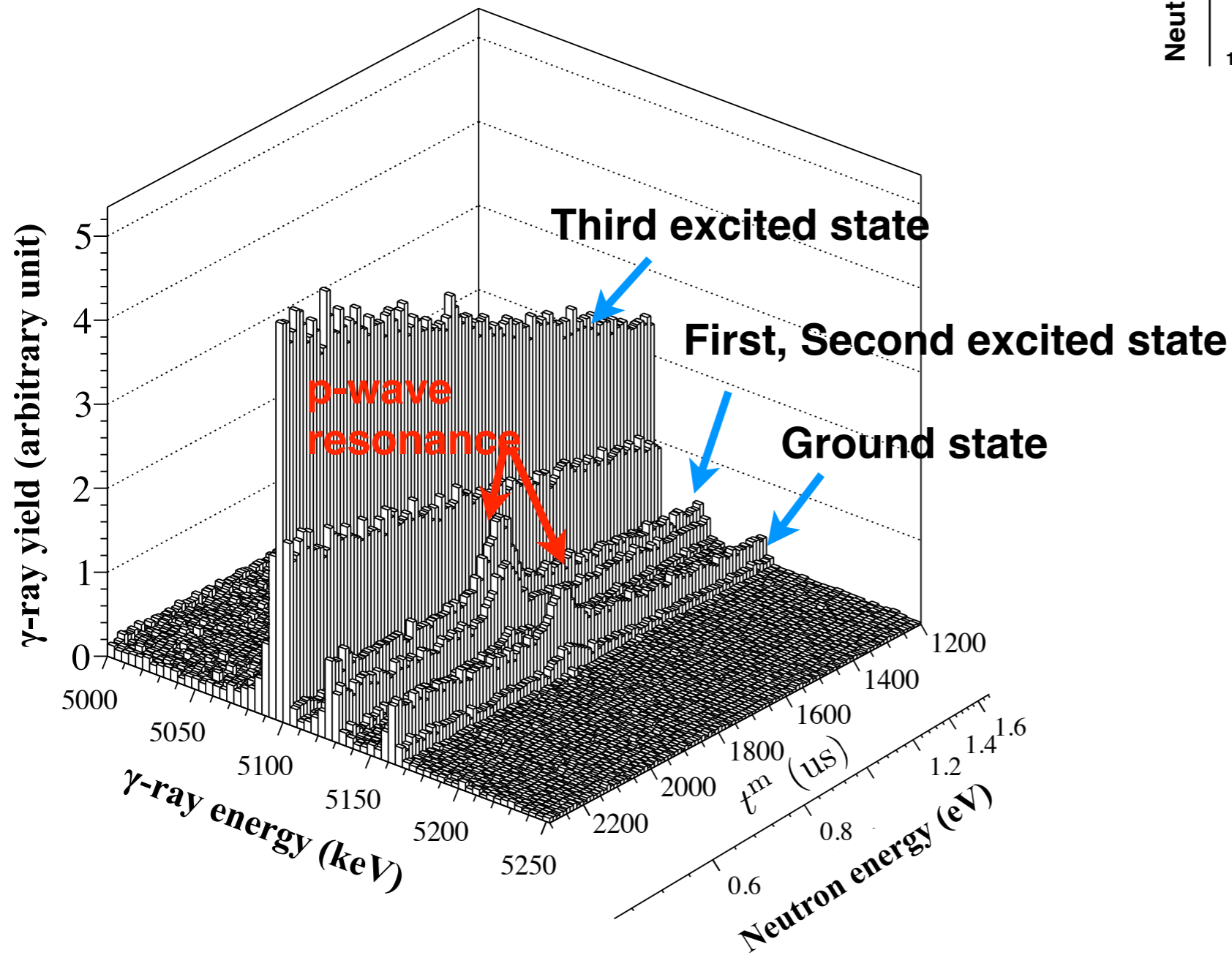
**Ge detector**

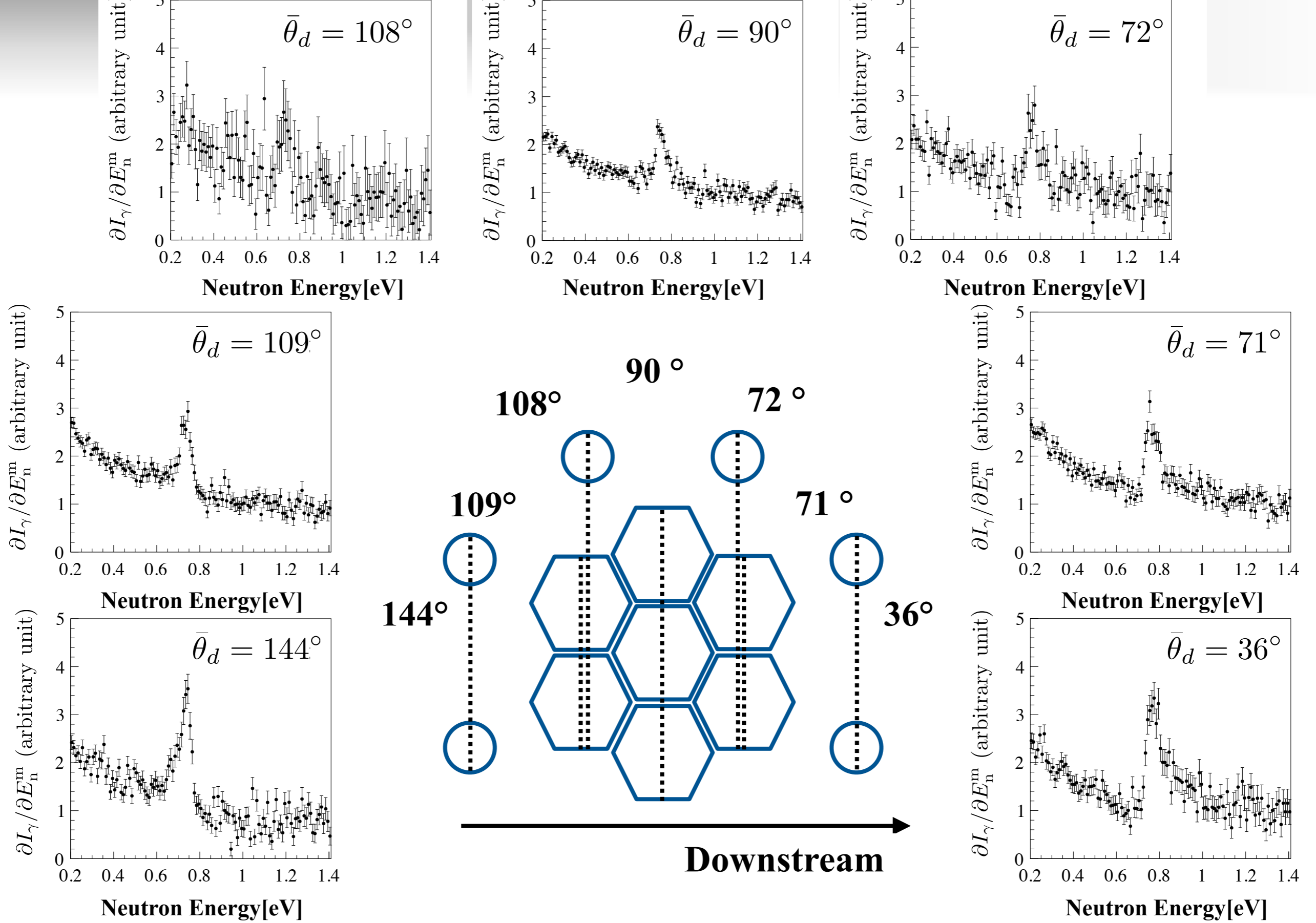


2 clustered sets  
8 coaxial units  
Total 22ch

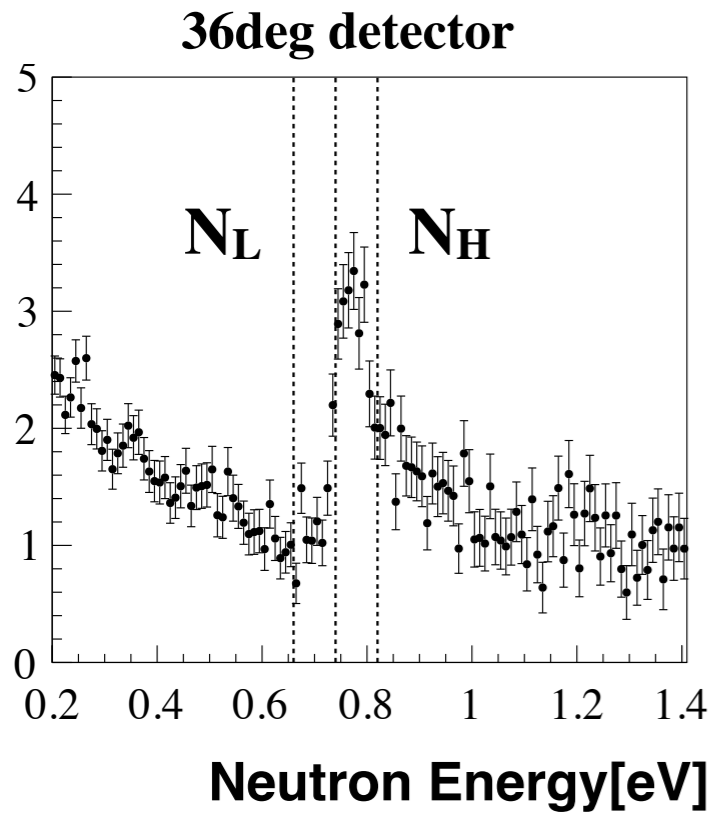
7ch x2 : 14ch  
8ch

# (3,4) Details of Entrance Channel





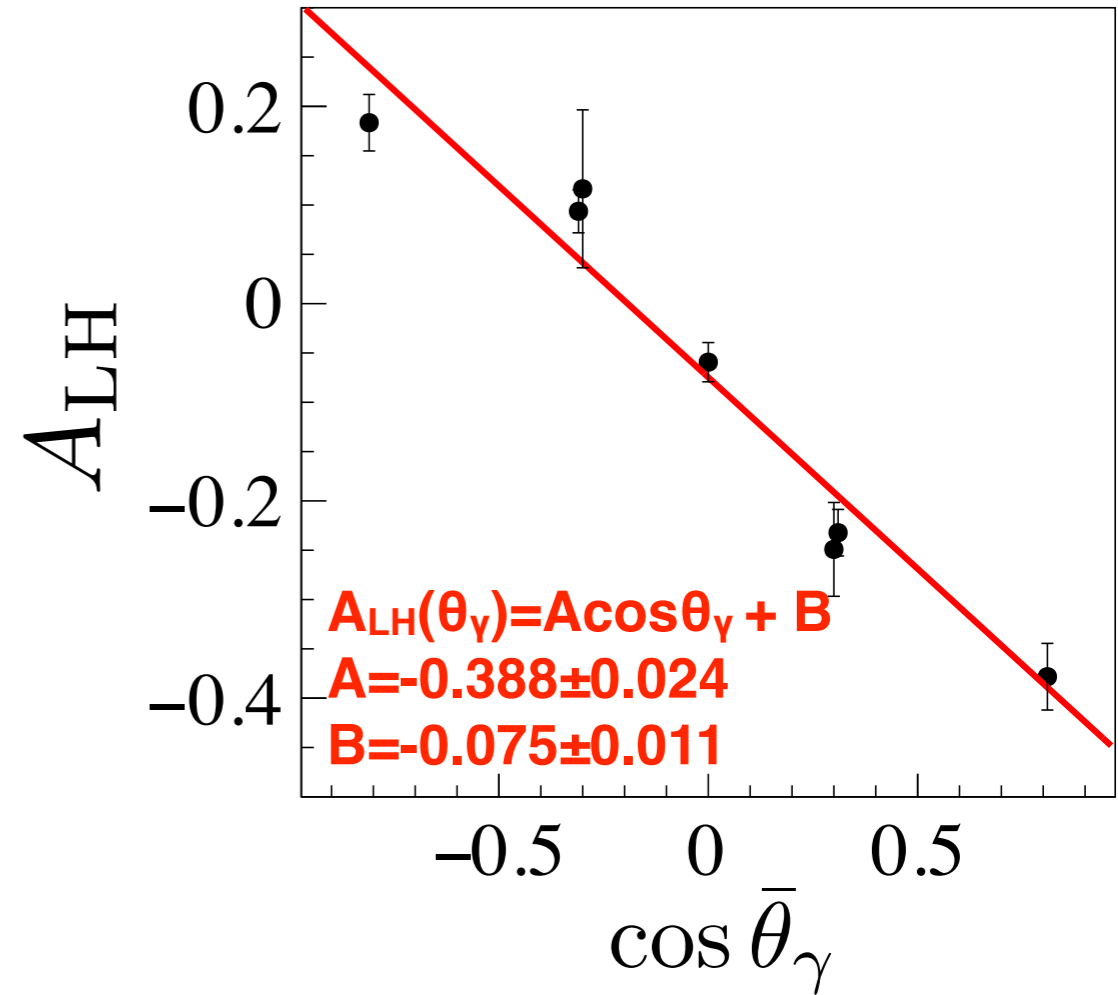
# (3,4) Details of Entrance Channel



$$A_{LH} = \frac{N_L - N_H}{N_L + N_H}$$



$A_{LH}$  as a function of emission angle



Comparison with Flambaum's formalism

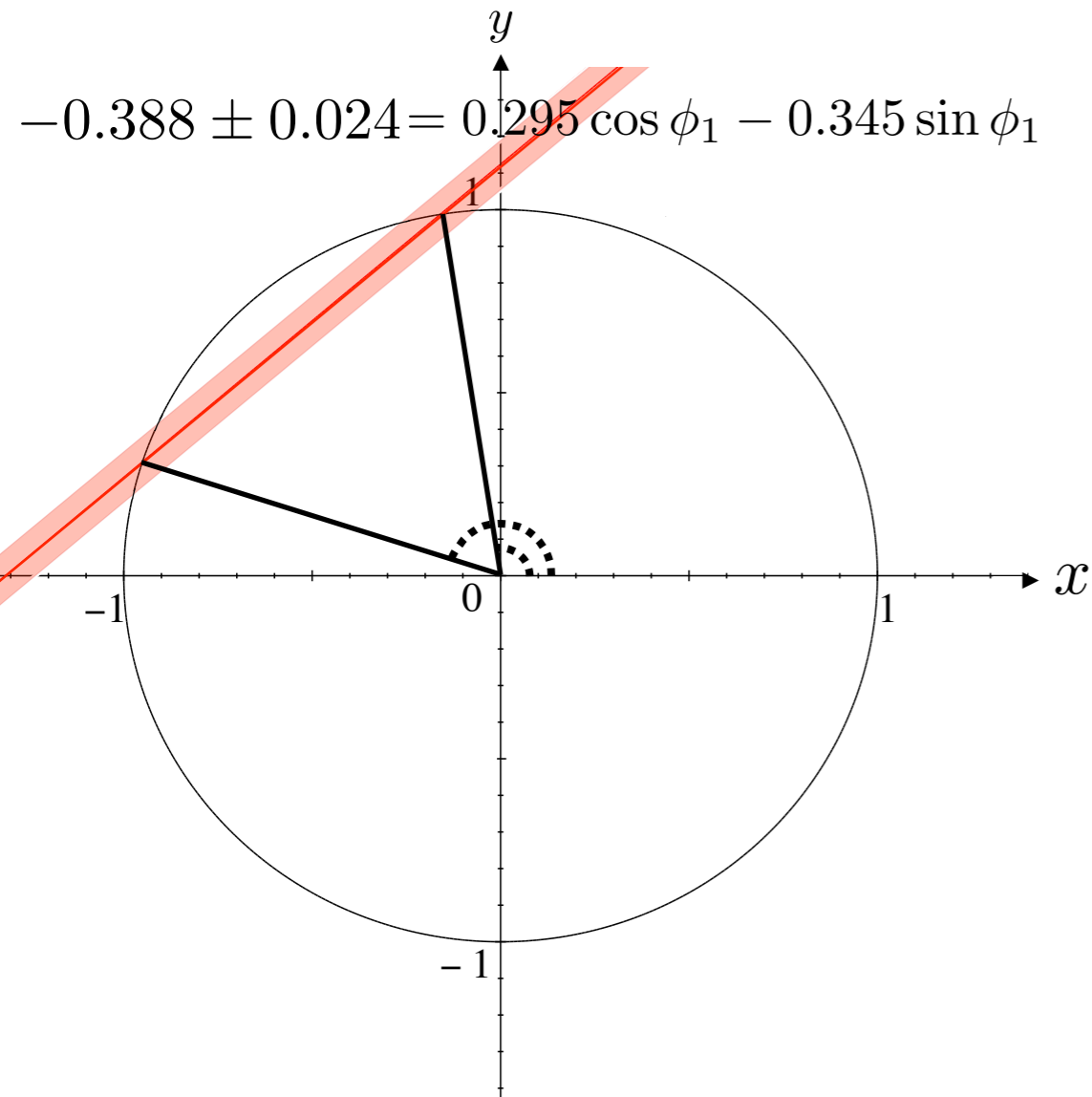
$$-0.388 \pm 0.024 = 0.295 \cos \phi - 0.345 \sin \phi$$

Measured angular dependence      Flambaum parametrization

# (3,4) Details of Entrance Channel

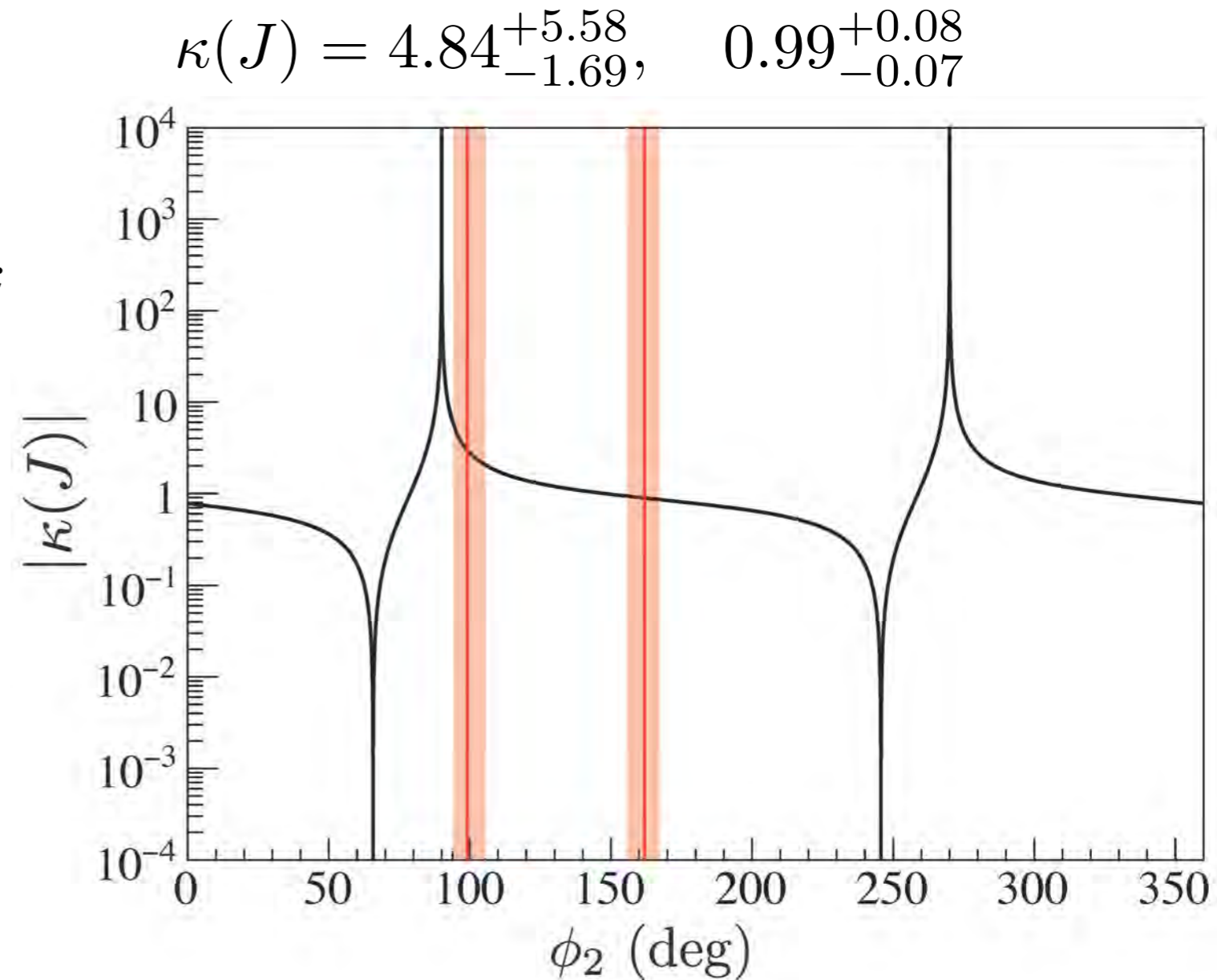
$$\frac{d\sigma_{n\gamma}}{d\Omega_\gamma} = \frac{1}{2} \left( a_0 + a_1 \cos \theta_\gamma + a_3 \left( \cos^2 \theta_\gamma - \frac{1}{3} \right) \right)$$

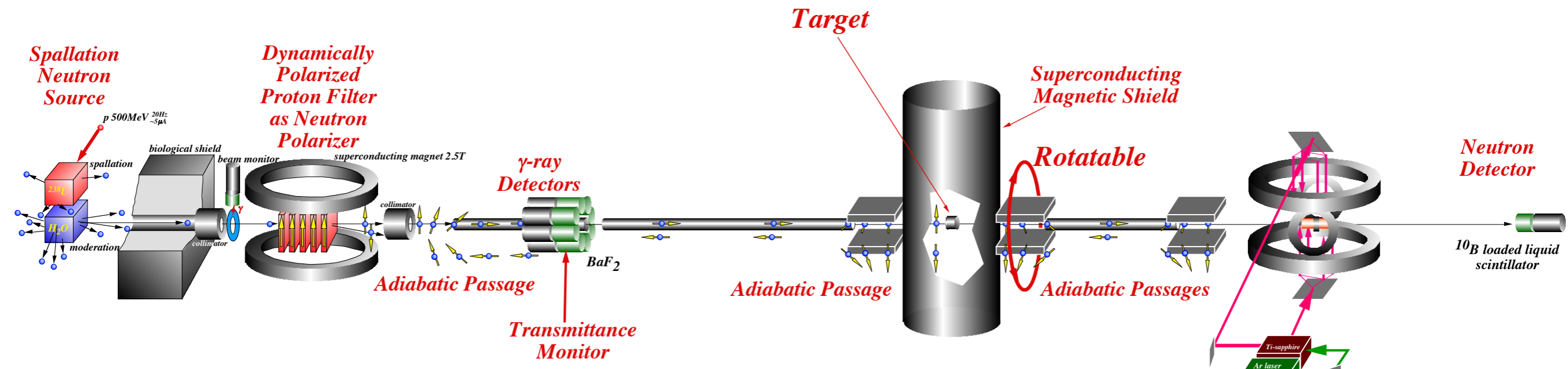
Okudaira et al., PRC97(2018)034622



$$\phi_2 = (99.2^{+6.3}_{-5.3})^\circ, \quad (161.9^{+5.3}_{-6.3})^\circ$$

$$x = -0.16^{+0.09}_{-0.11}, \quad -0.95^{+0.03}_{-0.04}$$



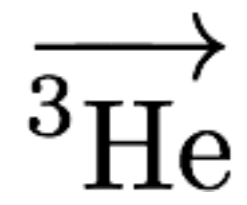
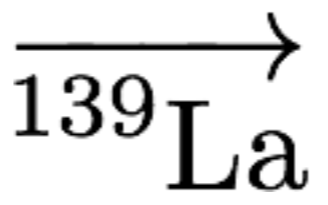
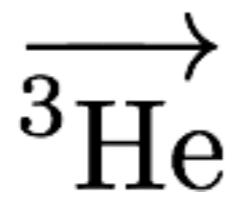


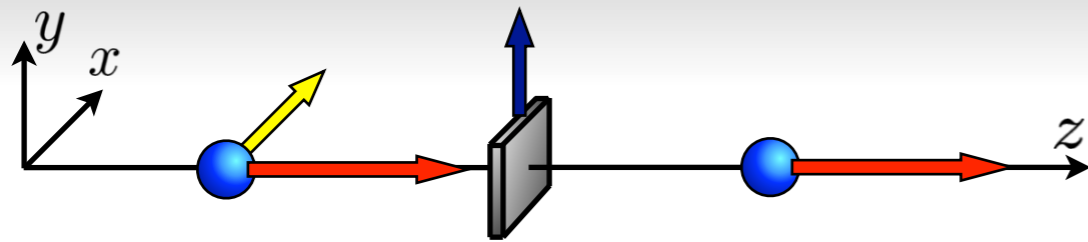
**epithermal  
neutron  
polarizer**

**polarized target  
spin control**

**epithermal  
neutron  
spin analyzer**

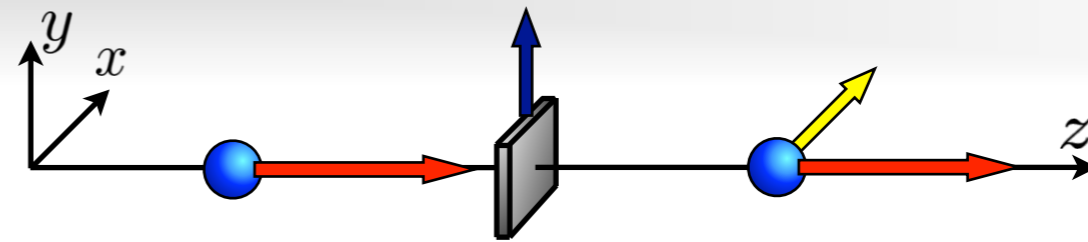
← **Polarized Neutron Source** → **Target station** → **Neutron Spin Analyzer** →





$$A_x = 4(\text{Re}A^* D + \text{Im}B^* C)$$

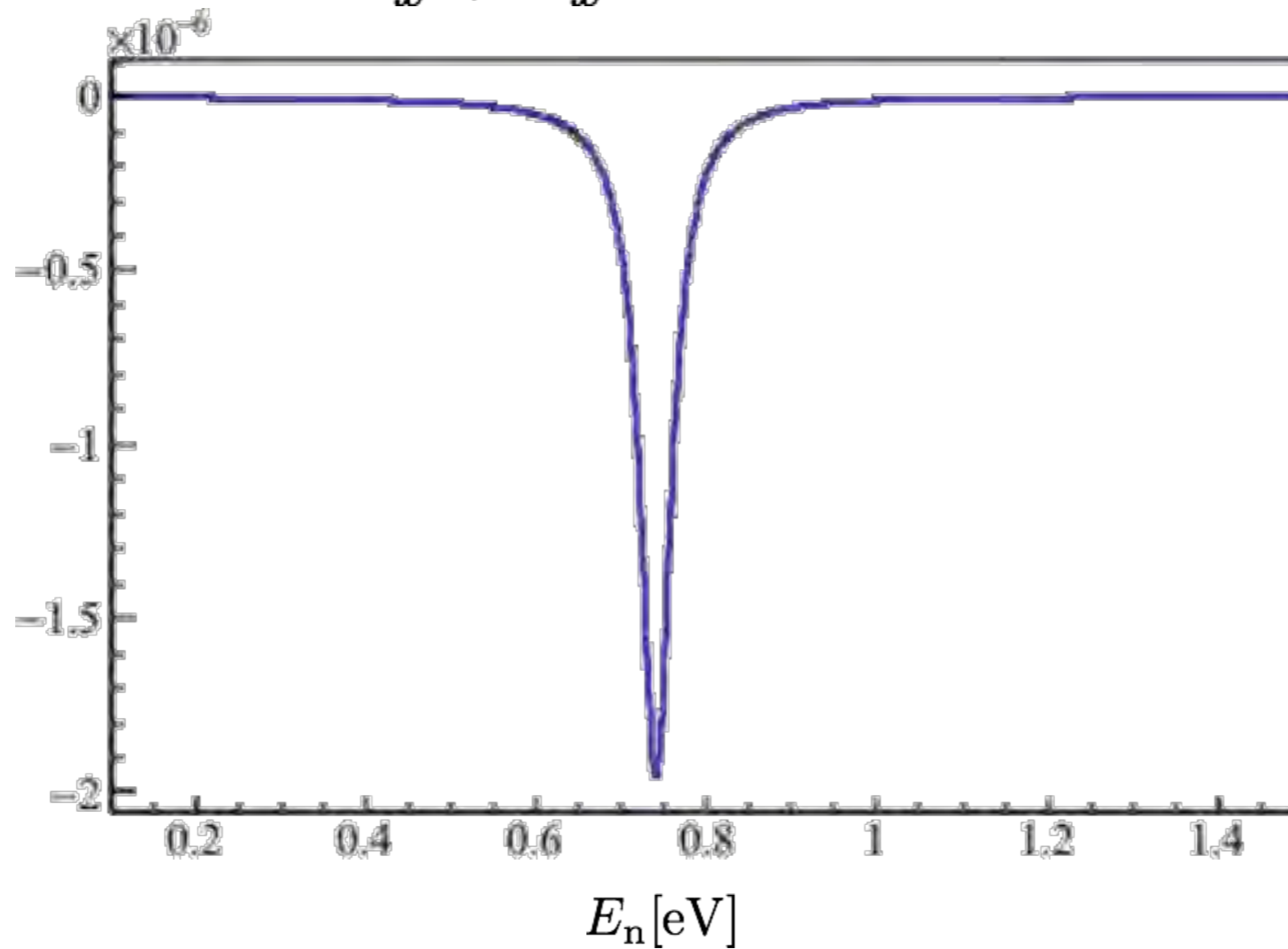
Spin Independent P-even T-even  
 T-violation P-odd T-odd  
 Spin Dependent P-even T-even  
 P-violation P-odd T-even



$$P_x = 4(\text{Re}A^* D - \text{Im}B^* C)$$

Spin Independent P-even T-even  
 T-violation P-odd T-odd  
 Spin Dependent P-even T-even  
 P-violation P-odd T-even

$$A_x + P_x = 8\text{Re}A^* D$$

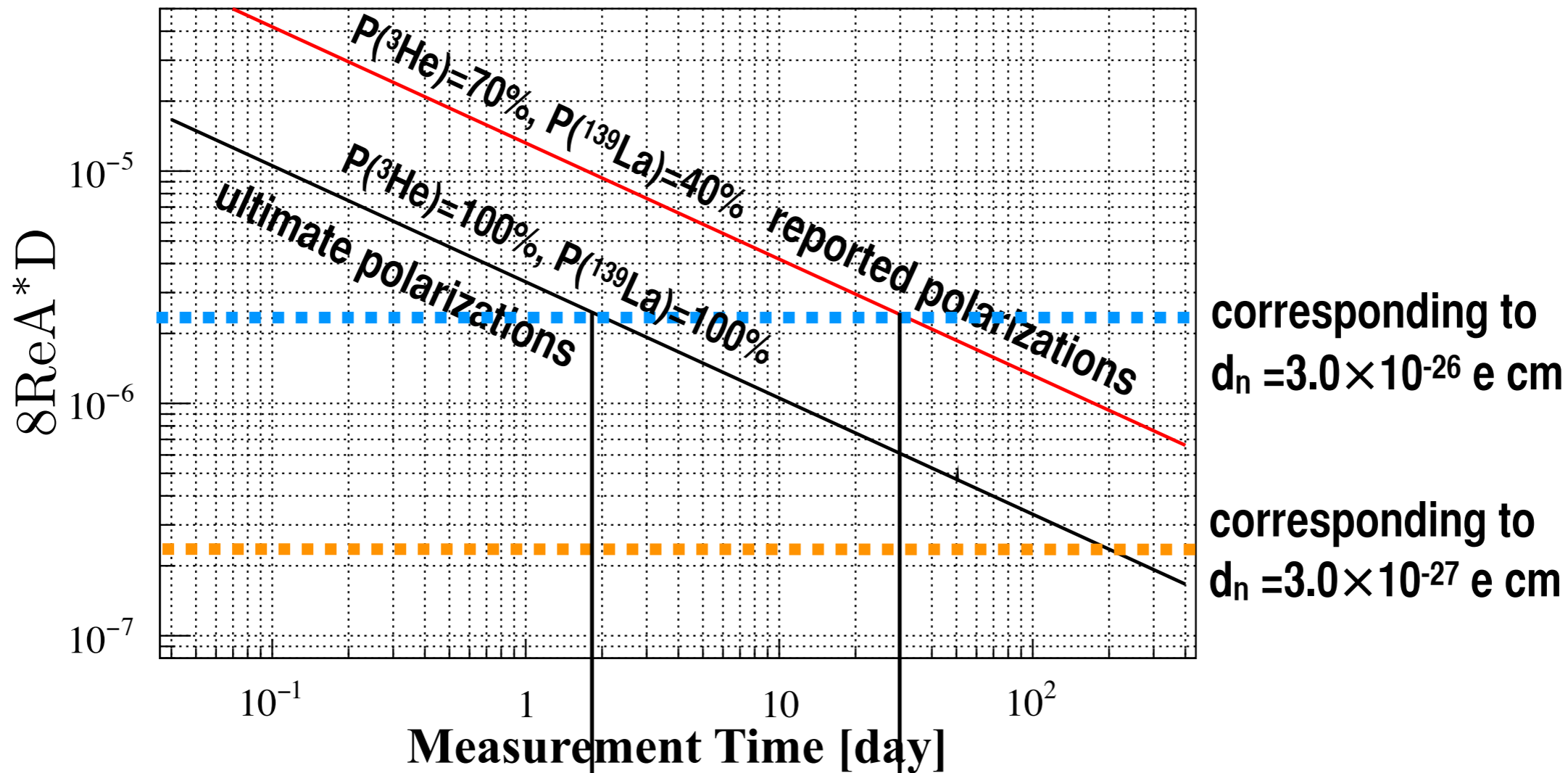




$\overrightarrow{^{139}\text{La}}$

$\text{LaAlO}_3$

$P(^{139}\text{La}) \geq 0.4$ ,  $V \geq 4\text{cm} \times 4\text{cm} \times 6\text{cm}$   
 $B_0 \leq 0.1\text{T}$



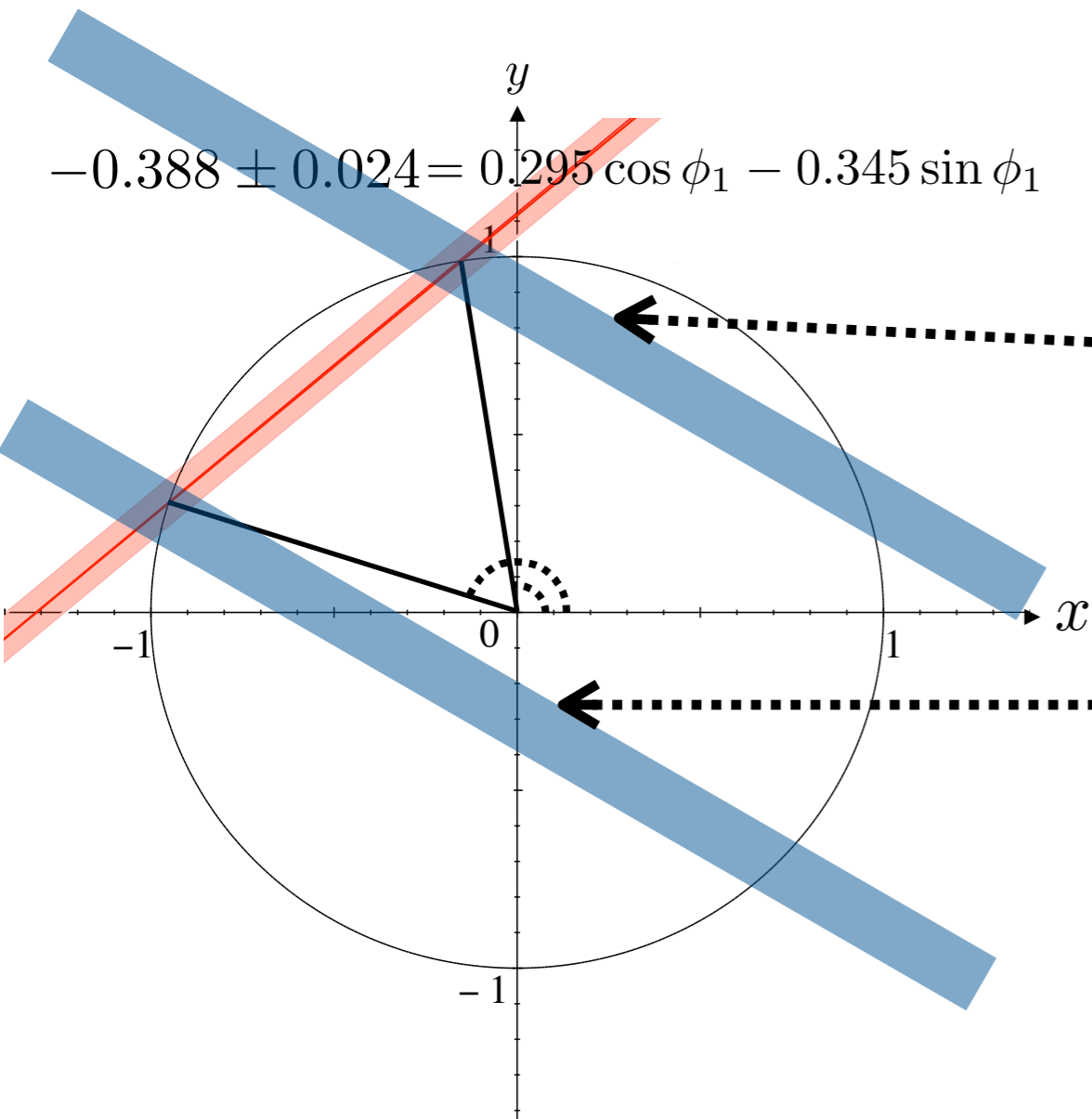
with reported polarizations  
reaches to the discovery potential in **30 days**

with ultimate polarizations  
reaches the discovery potential in **45 hours**

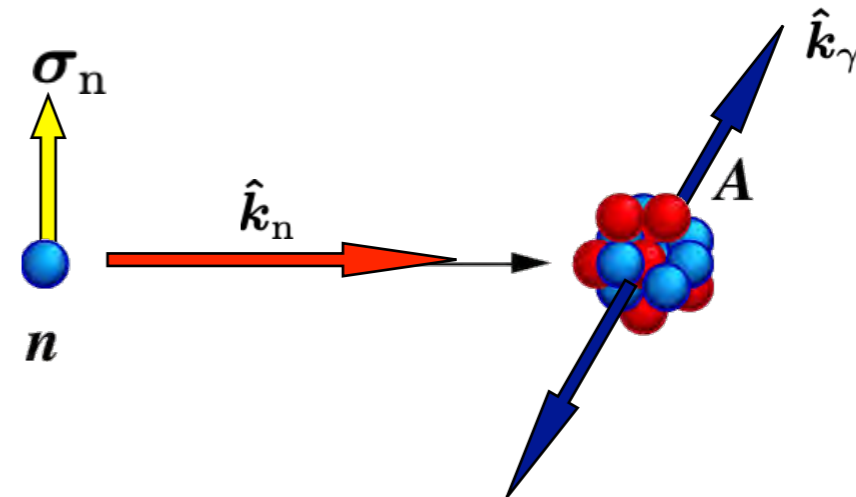
# (3,4) Details of Entrance Channel

$$\frac{d\sigma_{n\gamma}}{d\Omega_\gamma} = \frac{1}{2} \left( a_0 + a_1 \cos \theta_\gamma + a_3 (\cos^2 \theta_\gamma - \frac{1}{3}) \right)$$

$$-0.388 \pm 0.024 = 0.295 \cos \phi_1 - 0.345 \sin \phi_1$$



$$a_2 \boldsymbol{\sigma}_n \cdot (\hat{\mathbf{k}}_n \times \hat{\mathbf{k}}_\gamma)$$



$$\phi_2 = (99.2^{+6.3}_{-5.3})^\circ, \quad (161.9^{+5.3}_{-6.3})^\circ$$

$$x = -0.16^{+0.09}_{-0.11}, \quad -0.95^{+0.03}_{-0.04}$$

# Higher-order Tensor Correlation Terms

$$\begin{aligned}
 f = & A' + B'(\boldsymbol{\sigma}_n \cdot \hat{\mathbf{I}}) + C'(\boldsymbol{\sigma}_n \cdot \hat{\mathbf{k}}_n) + D'(\boldsymbol{\sigma}_n \cdot (\hat{\mathbf{k}}_n \times \hat{\mathbf{I}})) \\
 & + E' \left( (\hat{\mathbf{k}}_n \cdot \hat{\mathbf{I}})(\hat{\mathbf{k}}_n \cdot \hat{\mathbf{I}}) - \frac{1}{3}(\hat{\mathbf{k}}_n \cdot \hat{\mathbf{k}}_n)(\hat{\mathbf{I}} \cdot \hat{\mathbf{I}}) \right) \quad \text{P-even T-even} \\
 & + F' \left( (\boldsymbol{\sigma}_n \cdot \hat{\mathbf{I}})(\hat{\mathbf{k}}_n \cdot \hat{\mathbf{I}}) - \frac{1}{3}(\boldsymbol{\sigma}_n \cdot \hat{\mathbf{k}}_n)(\hat{\mathbf{I}} \cdot \hat{\mathbf{I}}) \right) \quad \text{P-odd T-even} \\
 & + G'(\boldsymbol{\sigma}_n \cdot (\hat{\mathbf{k}}_n \times \hat{\mathbf{I}}))(\hat{\mathbf{k}}_n \cdot \hat{\mathbf{I}}) \quad \text{P-even T-odd}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 f = & \left\{ A' + E' \left( (\hat{\mathbf{k}}_n \cdot \hat{\mathbf{I}})(\hat{\mathbf{k}}_n \cdot \hat{\mathbf{I}}) - \frac{1}{3}(\hat{\mathbf{k}}_n \cdot \hat{\mathbf{k}}_n)(\hat{\mathbf{I}} \cdot \hat{\mathbf{I}}) \right) \right\} \\
 & + \boldsymbol{\sigma}_n \cdot \left\{ \left( B' + F'(\hat{\mathbf{k}}_n \cdot \hat{\mathbf{I}}) \right) \hat{\mathbf{I}} + \left( C' - F' \frac{\hat{\mathbf{I}}^2}{3} \right) \hat{\mathbf{k}}_n + \left( D' + G'(\hat{\mathbf{k}}_n \cdot \hat{\mathbf{I}}) \right) (\hat{\mathbf{k}}_n \times \hat{\mathbf{I}}) \right\}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$F' = \frac{1}{\pi k} \frac{3}{16} \sqrt{\frac{3}{10}} \operatorname{Re} \left[ \frac{\sqrt{\Gamma_s^n}}{E - E_s - i\Gamma_s} W \frac{\sqrt{\Gamma_p^n}}{E - E_p + i\Gamma_p} \right] y$$

# Pseudomagnetism

$$f = \underbrace{A'}_{\text{Spin Independent}} + \underbrace{B' \sigma \cdot \hat{I}}_{\text{Spin Dependent}} + \underbrace{C' \sigma \cdot \hat{k}}_{\text{P-violation}} + \underbrace{D' \sigma \cdot (\hat{I} \times \hat{k})}_{\text{T-violation}}$$

Spin Independent  
P-even T-even

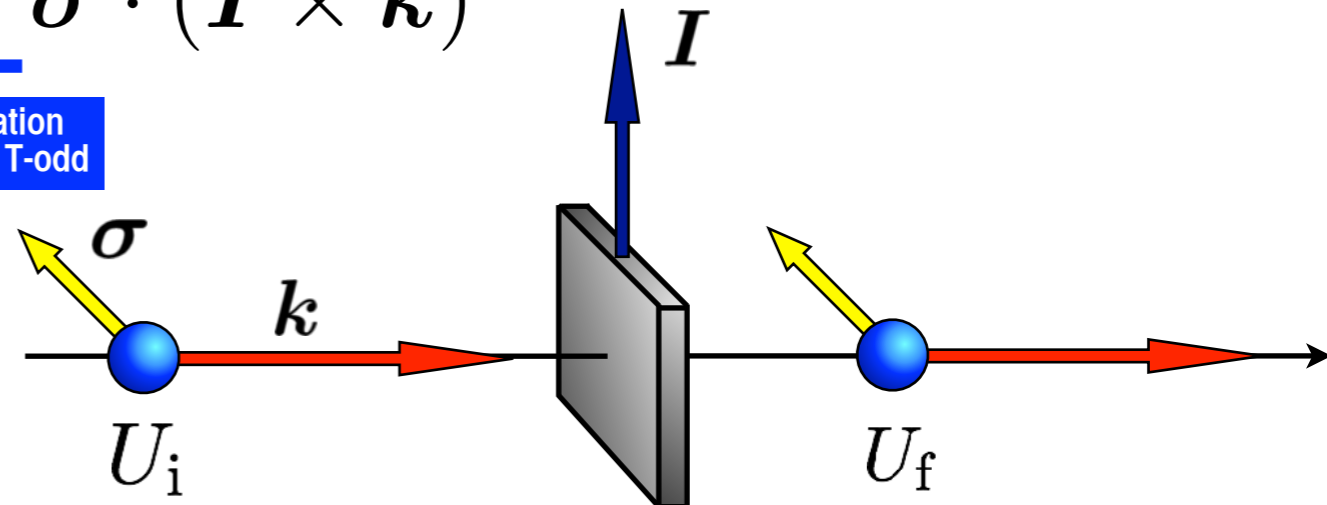
Spin Dependent  
P-even T-even

P-violation  
P-odd T-even

T-violation  
P-odd T-odd

## pseudomagnetism

V.Gudkov and HMS, Phys. Rev. C95 045501 (2017)



$$f_{\mu} = \frac{i}{2k} \sum_{JlSS'M_I} (2l+1) \langle s\mu I M_I | S' m'_s \rangle \langle S' m'_s l 0 | J M \rangle \langle S' l | R^J | S l \rangle \langle J M | S m_s l 0 \rangle \langle S m_s | s\mu I M_I \rangle.$$

$$\langle S'_K l_K | R^{J_K} | S_K l_K \rangle = i \frac{\sqrt{\Gamma_{l_K}^n(S'_K)} \sqrt{\Gamma_{l_K}^n(S_K)}}{E - E_K + i\Gamma_K/2} e^{i(\delta_{l_K}(S'_K) + \delta_{l_K}(S_K))} - 2ie^{i\delta_{l_K}(S_K S'_K)} \sin \delta_{l_K}(S_K S'_K)$$

compound resonance

potential scattering

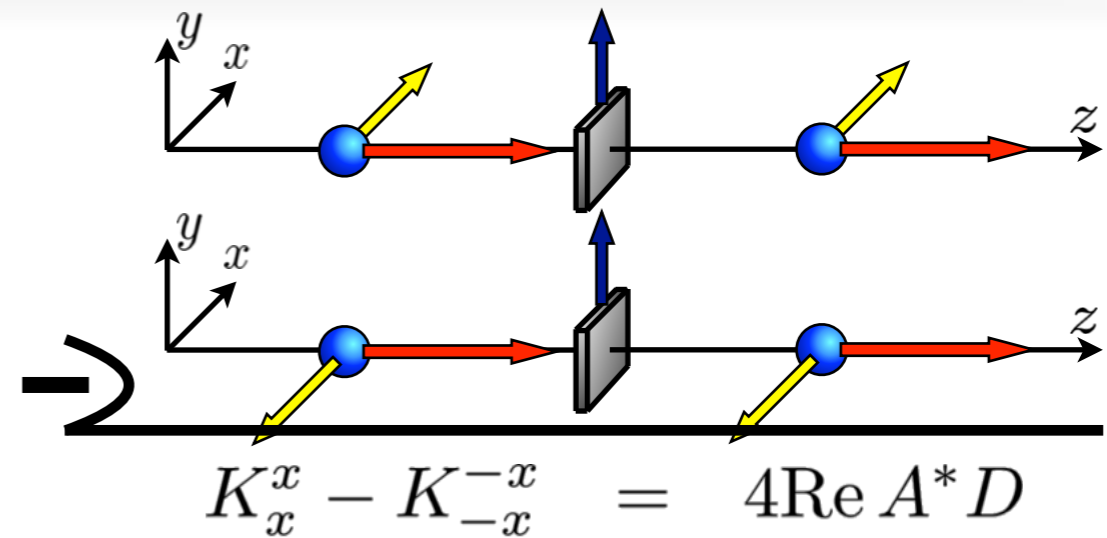
$$\omega_P^s = \frac{4\pi N \hbar}{M_n} \frac{I}{(2I+1)} \left( a_+ - a_- - \sum_{K, l_K=0} \frac{\Gamma_K^n}{2k} \frac{(E - E_K)}{(E - E_K)^2 + (\Gamma_K/2)^2} \beta_K \right)$$

$$\beta_K = \begin{cases} 1 & (J_K = I + \frac{1}{2}) \\ -1 & (J_K = I - \frac{1}{2}) \end{cases}$$

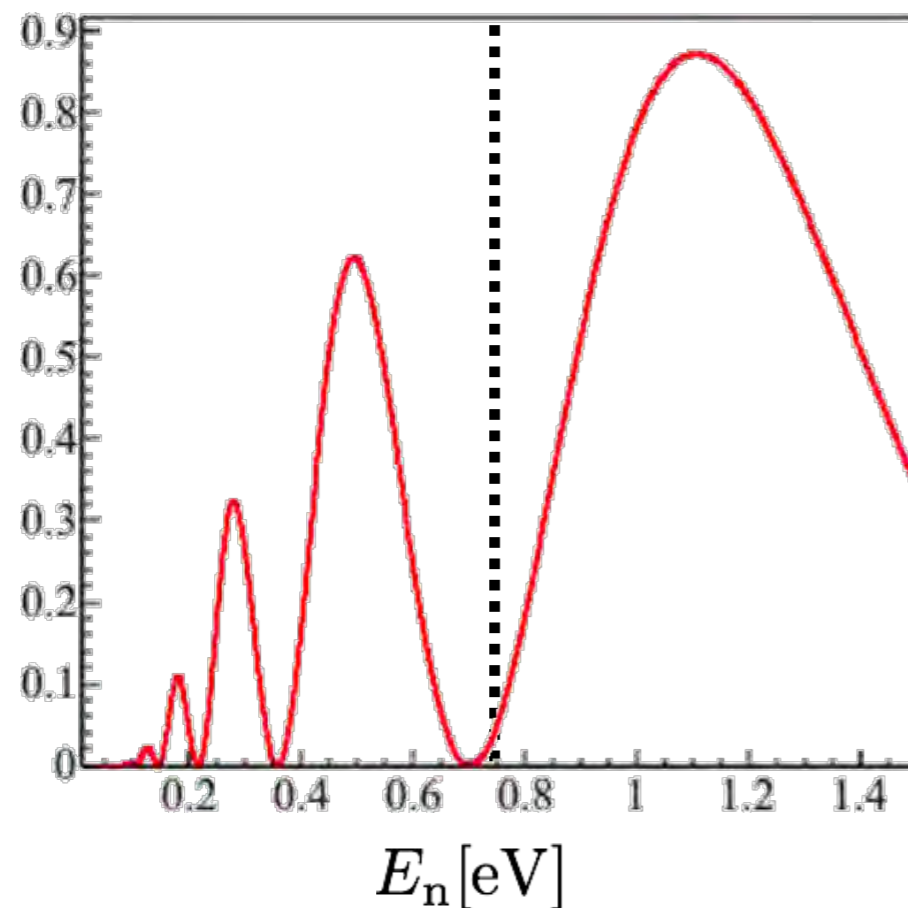
$$\left\langle \left( I \pm \frac{1}{2} \right) 0 \left| R^{I \pm \frac{1}{2}} \right| \left( I \pm \frac{1}{2} \right) 0 \right\rangle = -2ika_{\pm}$$

## Polarization Transfer Coefficient

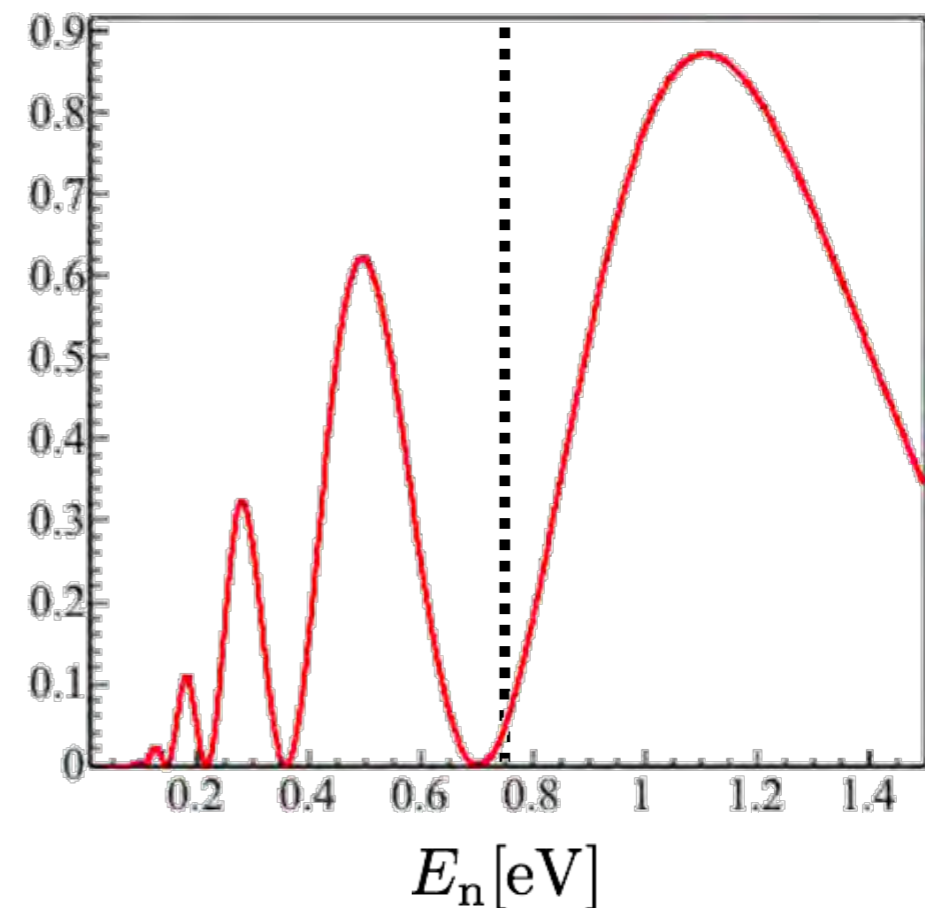
1. freeze target polarization
2. adjust magnetic field to cancel the pseudomagnetism (Re B')



$$K_{+x}^+ = |A|^2 + |D|^2 + 2\text{Re}A^* D$$



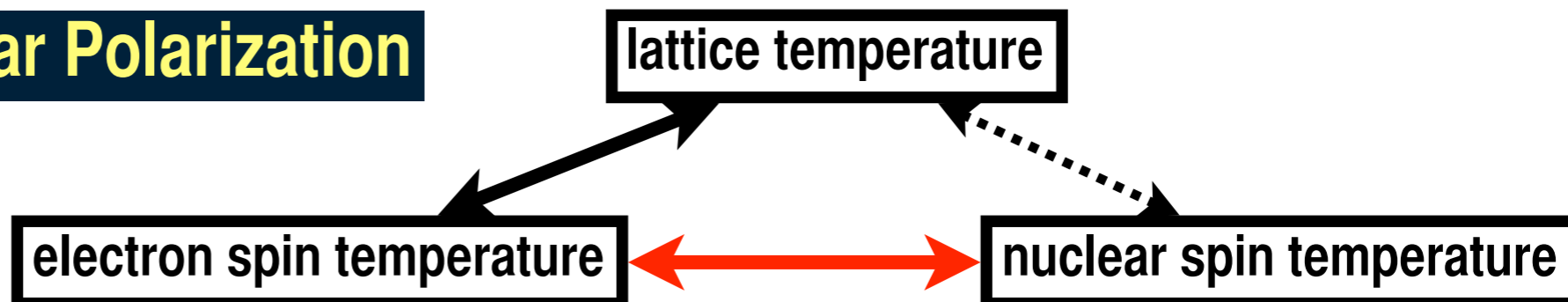
$$K_{-x}^- = |A|^2 + |D|^2 - 2\text{Re}A^* D$$



Alignment, adjustment of experimental apparatus can be measured through the function form of the energy dependence of neutron spin.

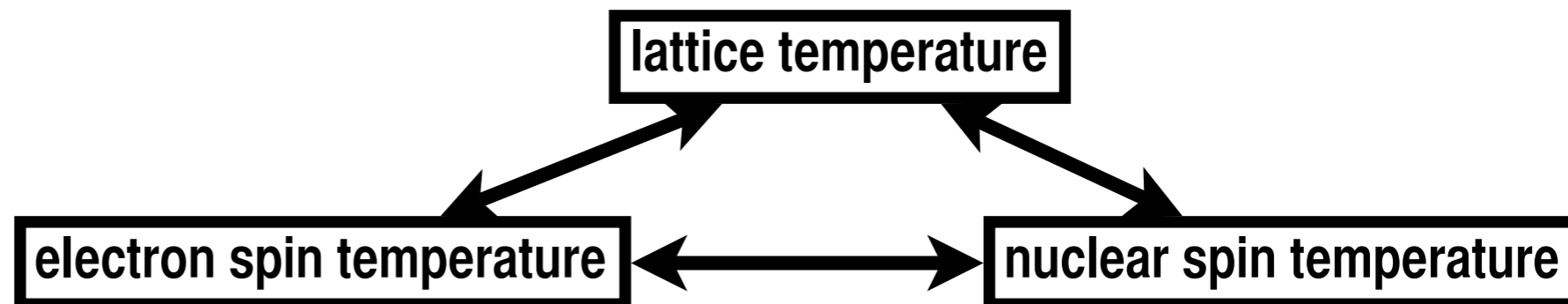
# The polarized target is the key item.

## DNP: Dynamic Nuclear Polarization



## Backup solution

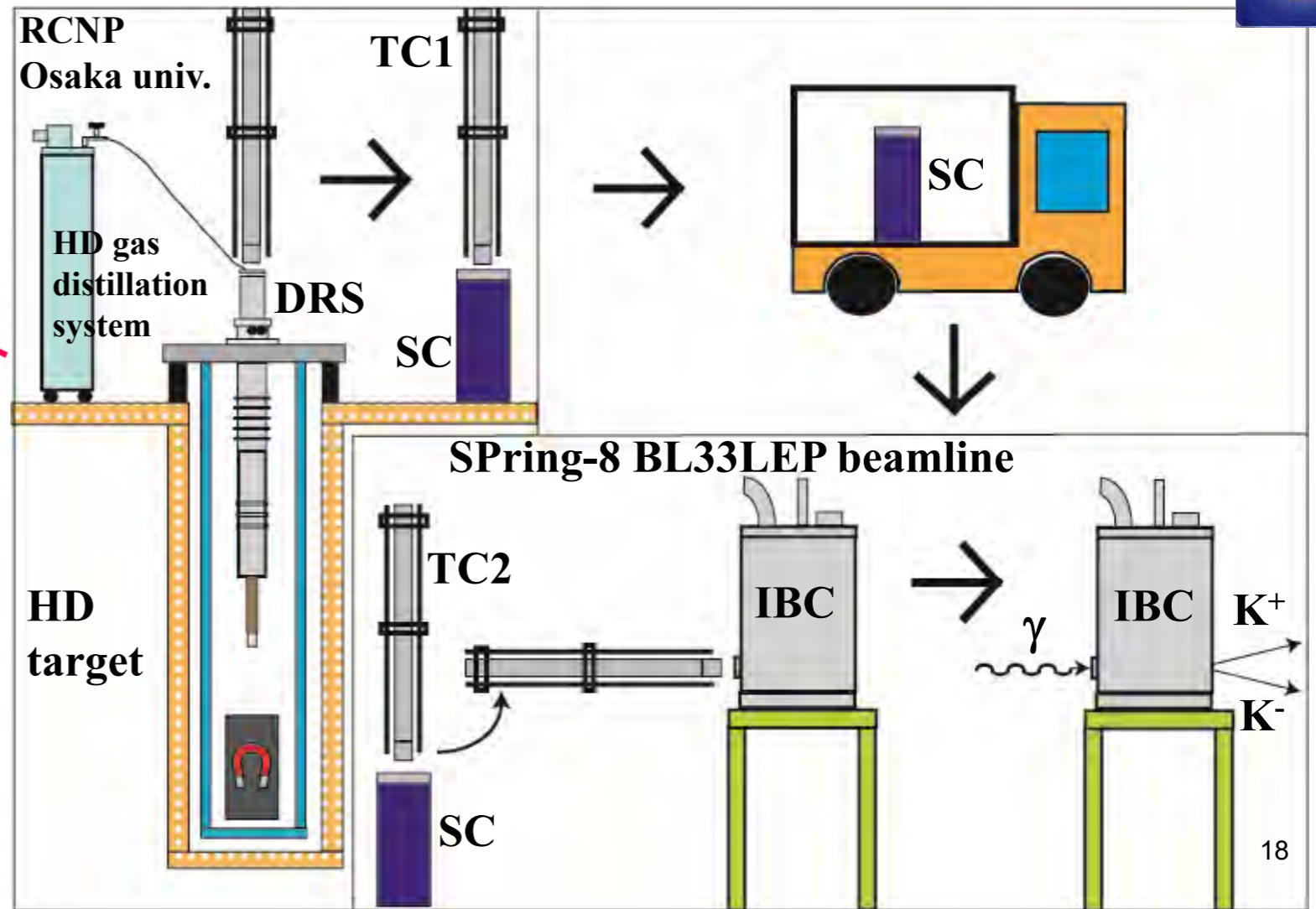
### Brute-force method

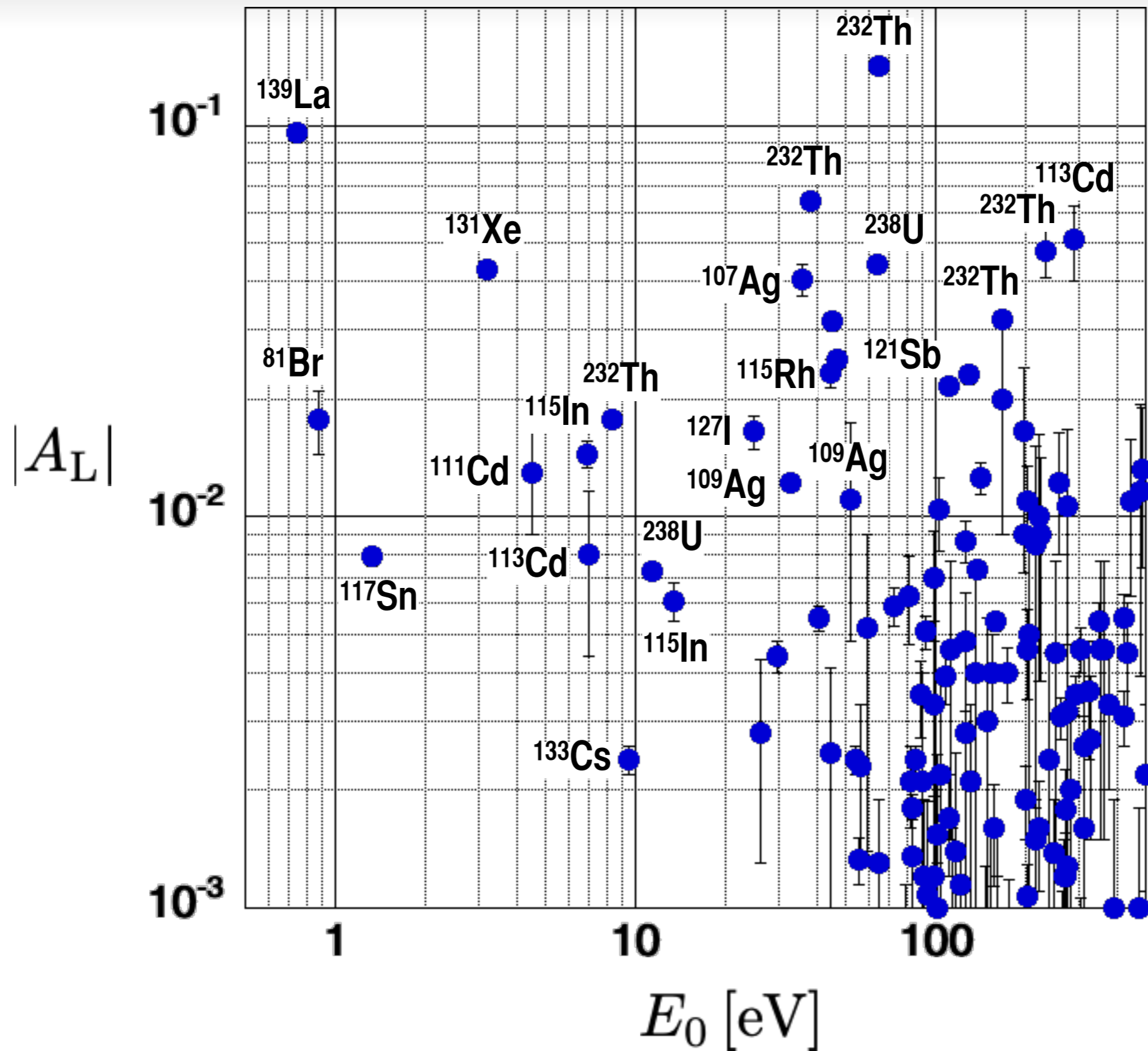


# Brute-force Polarized Target to SPring8 → J-PARC

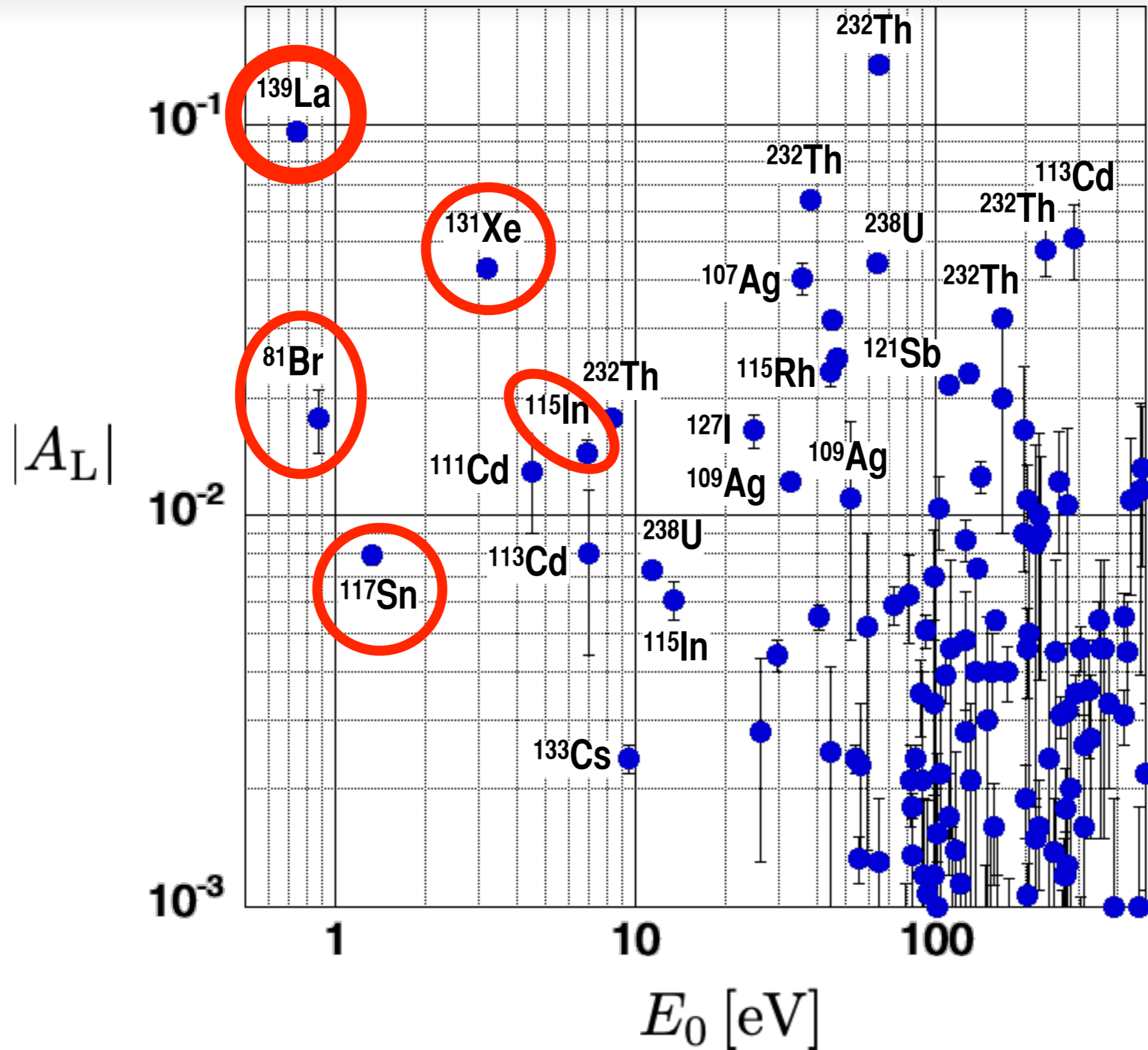


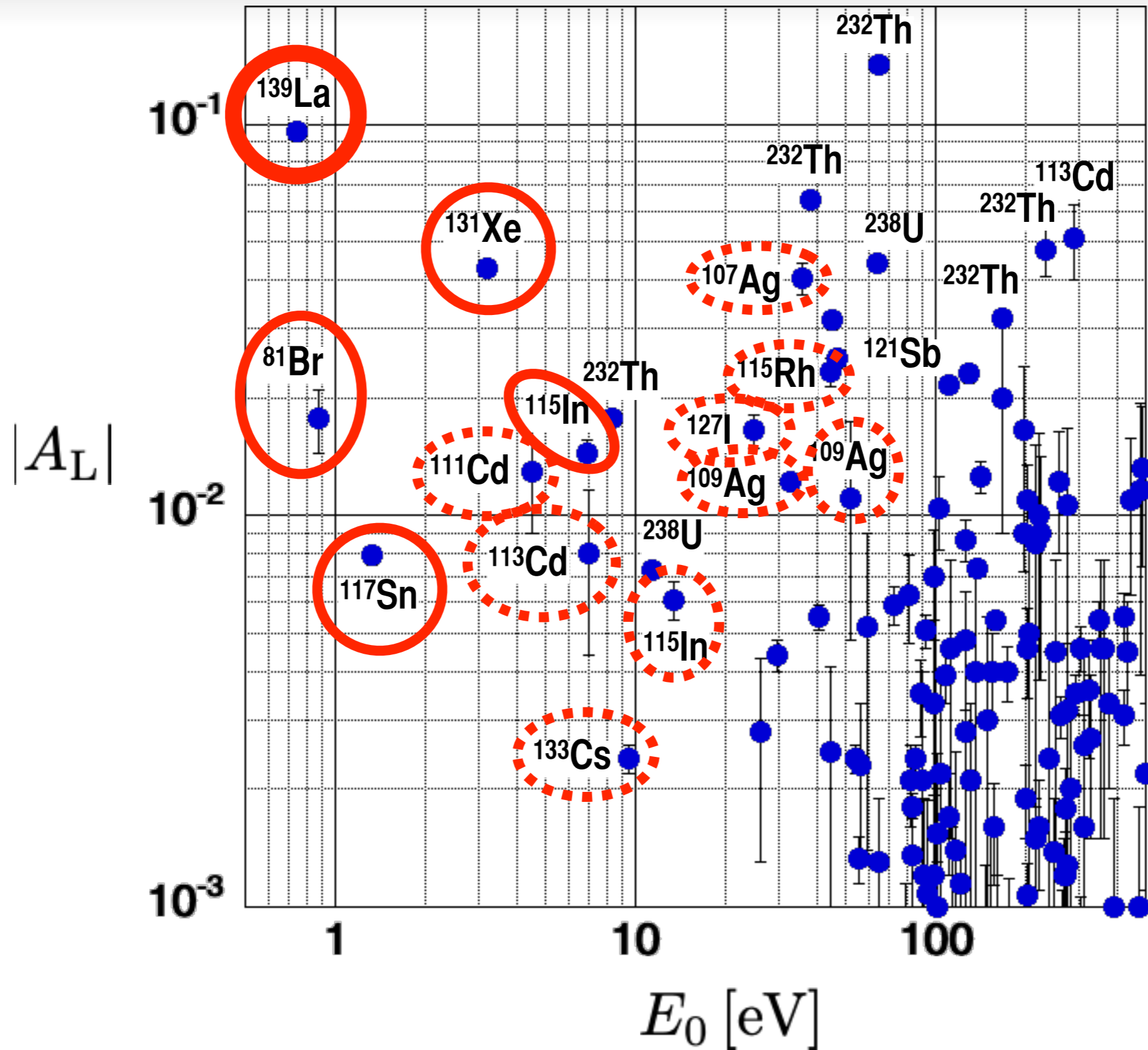
## Transportation of polarized HD target

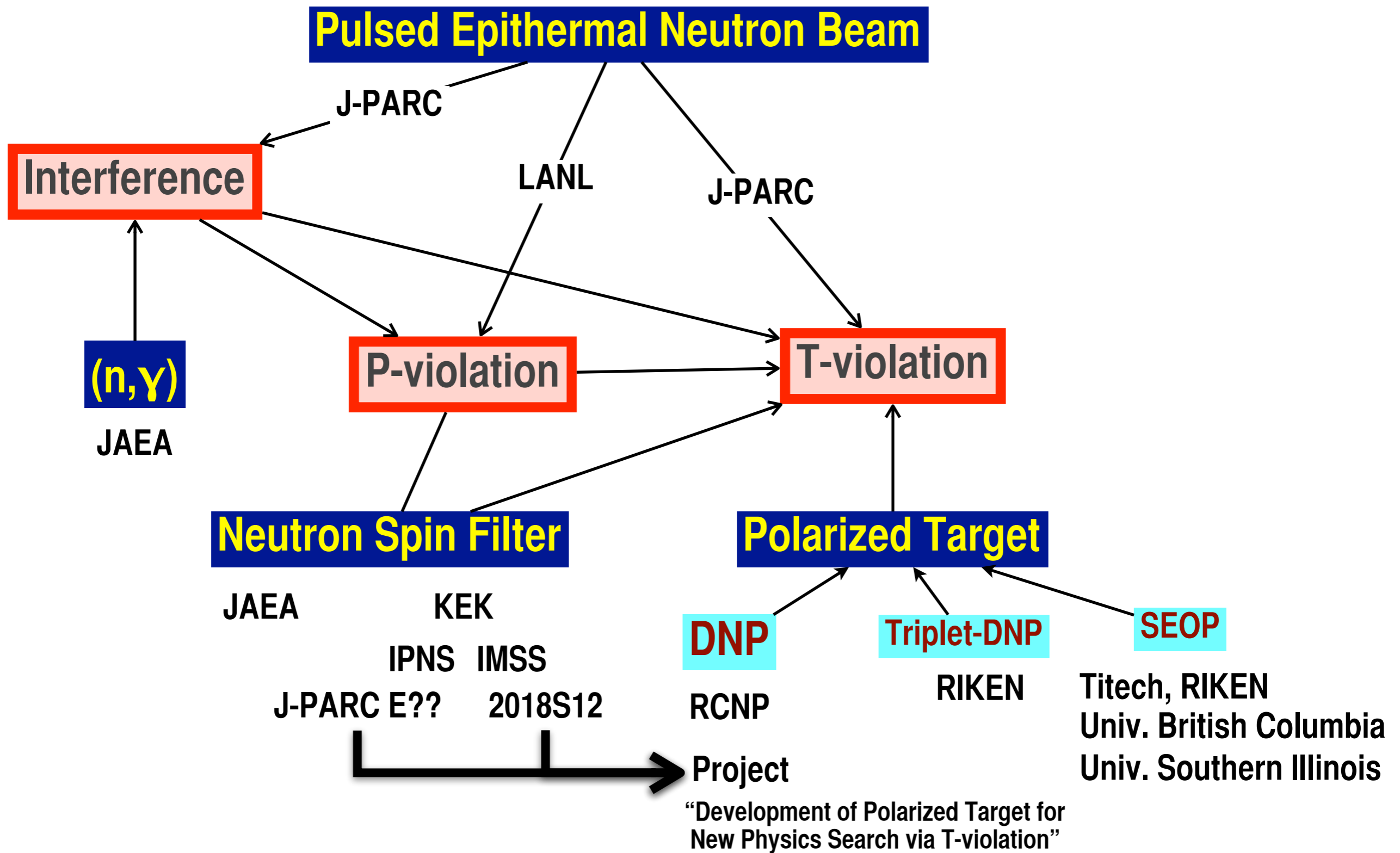












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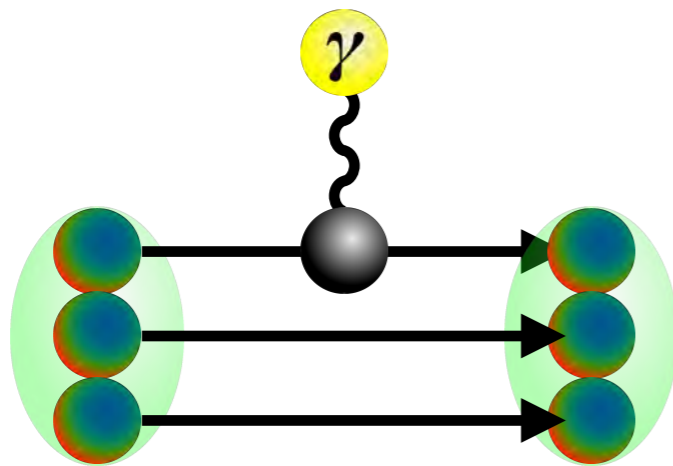
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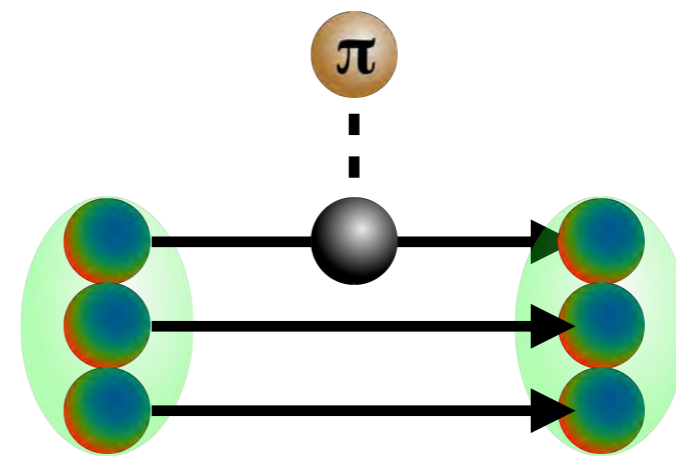


# leading nucleon-level P- and T-odd interaction

$$\begin{aligned}
 \mathcal{L}_{N,PT\text{odd}} = & -\frac{i}{2} \sum_{i=e,n,p} d_i \bar{\psi}_i \sigma_{\mu\nu} \gamma_5 \psi_i F^{\mu\nu} \\
 & + \bar{N} \left[ \underline{\bar{g}}_{\pi}^{(0)} \vec{\tau} \cdot \vec{\pi} + \underline{\bar{g}}_{\pi}^{(1)} \pi^0 + \underline{\bar{g}}_{\pi}^{(2)} (3\tau_3 \pi^0 - \vec{\tau} \cdot \vec{\pi}) \right] N \\
 & - \frac{G_F}{\sqrt{2}} \bar{e} i \gamma_5 e \bar{N} \left[ C_S^{(0)} + C_S^{(1)} \tau_3 \right] N \\
 & - \frac{G_F}{\sqrt{2}} \epsilon^{\alpha\beta\mu\nu} \bar{e} \sigma_{\alpha\beta} e \bar{N} \sigma_{\mu\nu} \left[ C_T^{(0)} + C_T^{(1)} \tau_3 \right] N
 \end{aligned}$$



nucleon EDM



T-odd P-odd pion-nucleon couplings